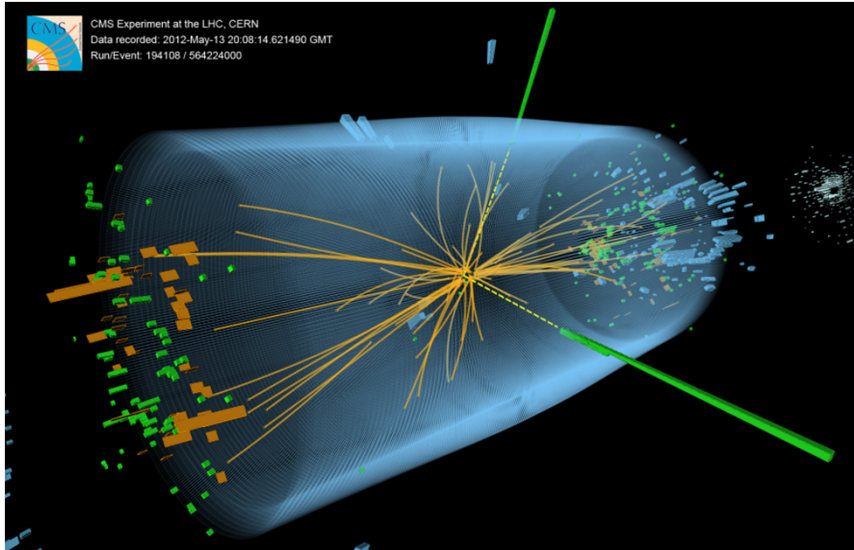


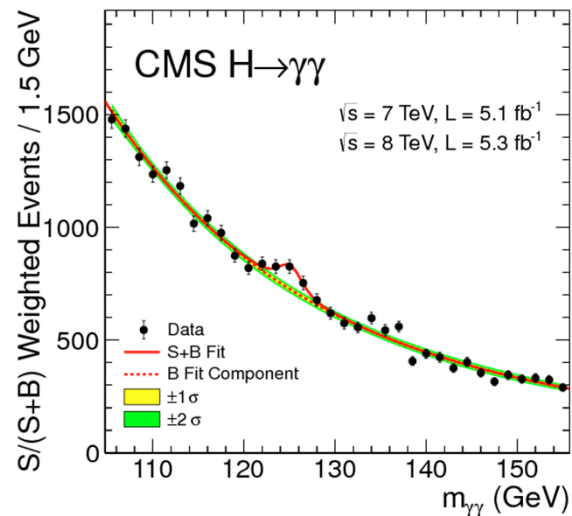


News from the CMS Experiment at LHC

Lutz Feld

1. Physikalisches Institut

RWTH Aachen

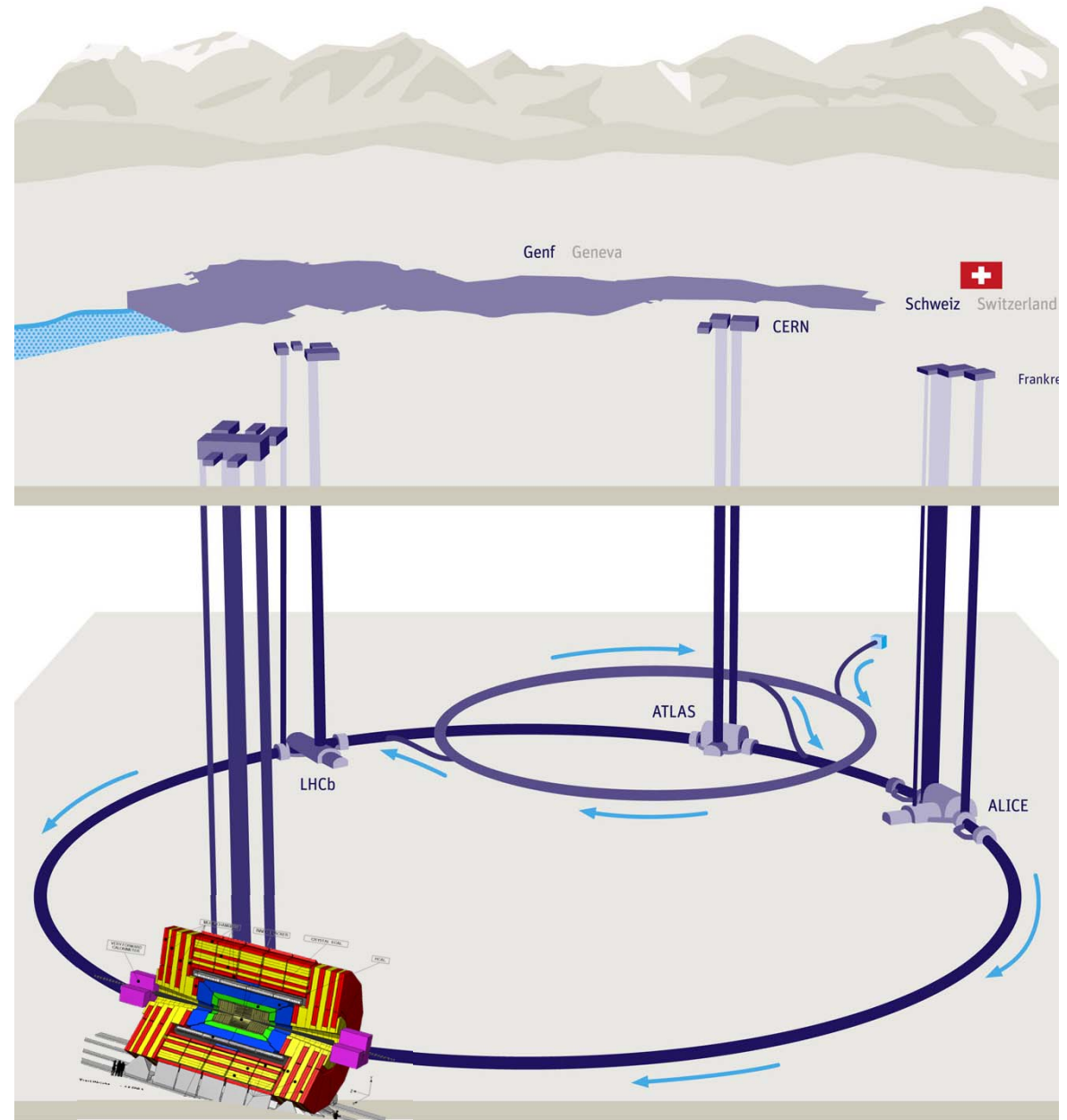


IceCUBE Collaboration Meeting

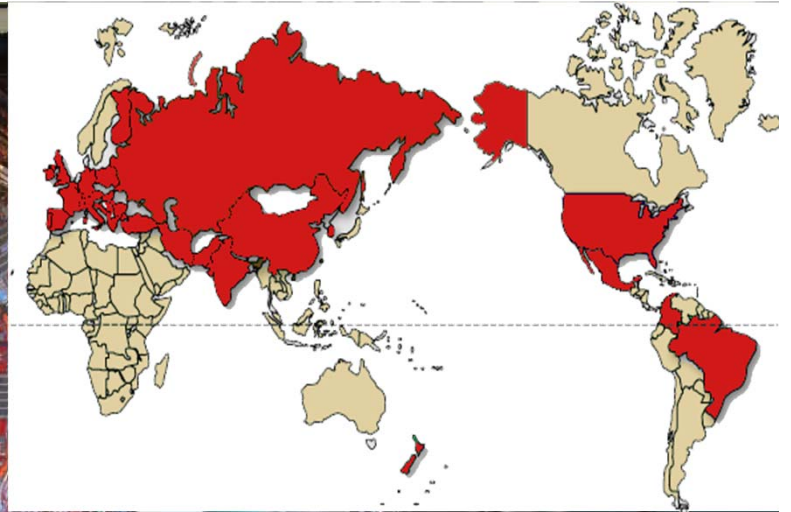
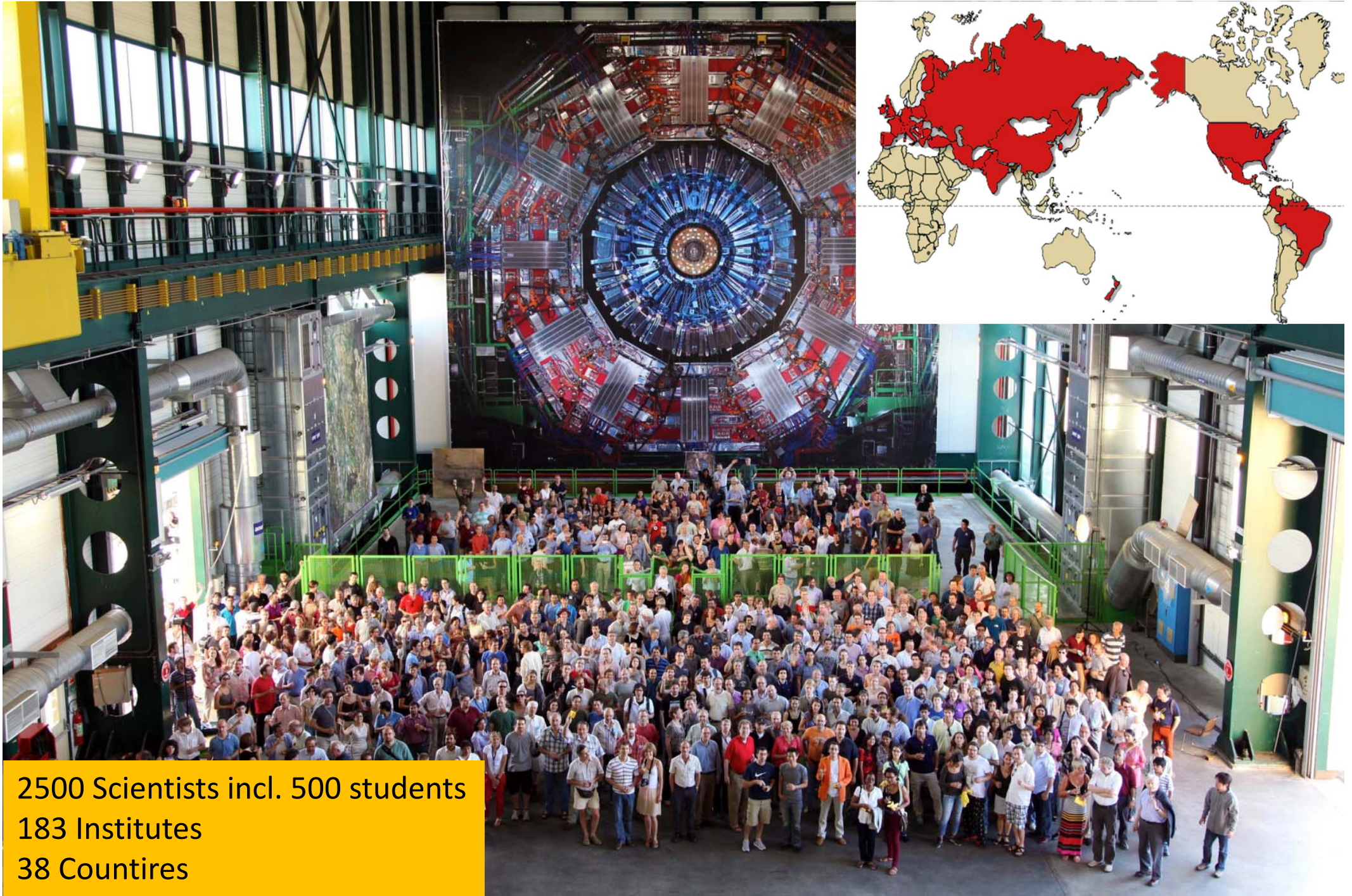
4.10.2012

Overview

- Introduction to CMS and the LHC
- LHC Physics Program
- Observation of a new Boson
- Searches beyond the Standard Model
- Summary



CMS Collaboration



2500 Scientists incl. 500 students
183 Institutes
38 Countries

Total weight 14000 t
Overall diameter 15 m
Overall length 28.7 m

CMS

MUON ENDCAPS

473 Cathode Strip Chambers (CSC)
 432 Resistive Plate Chambers (RPC)

ECAL 76k scintillating
 PbWO₄ crystals

HCAL Scintillator/brass
 Interleaved ~7k ch

3.8T Solenoid

IRON YOKE

Preshower
 Si Strips ~16 m²
 ~137k ch

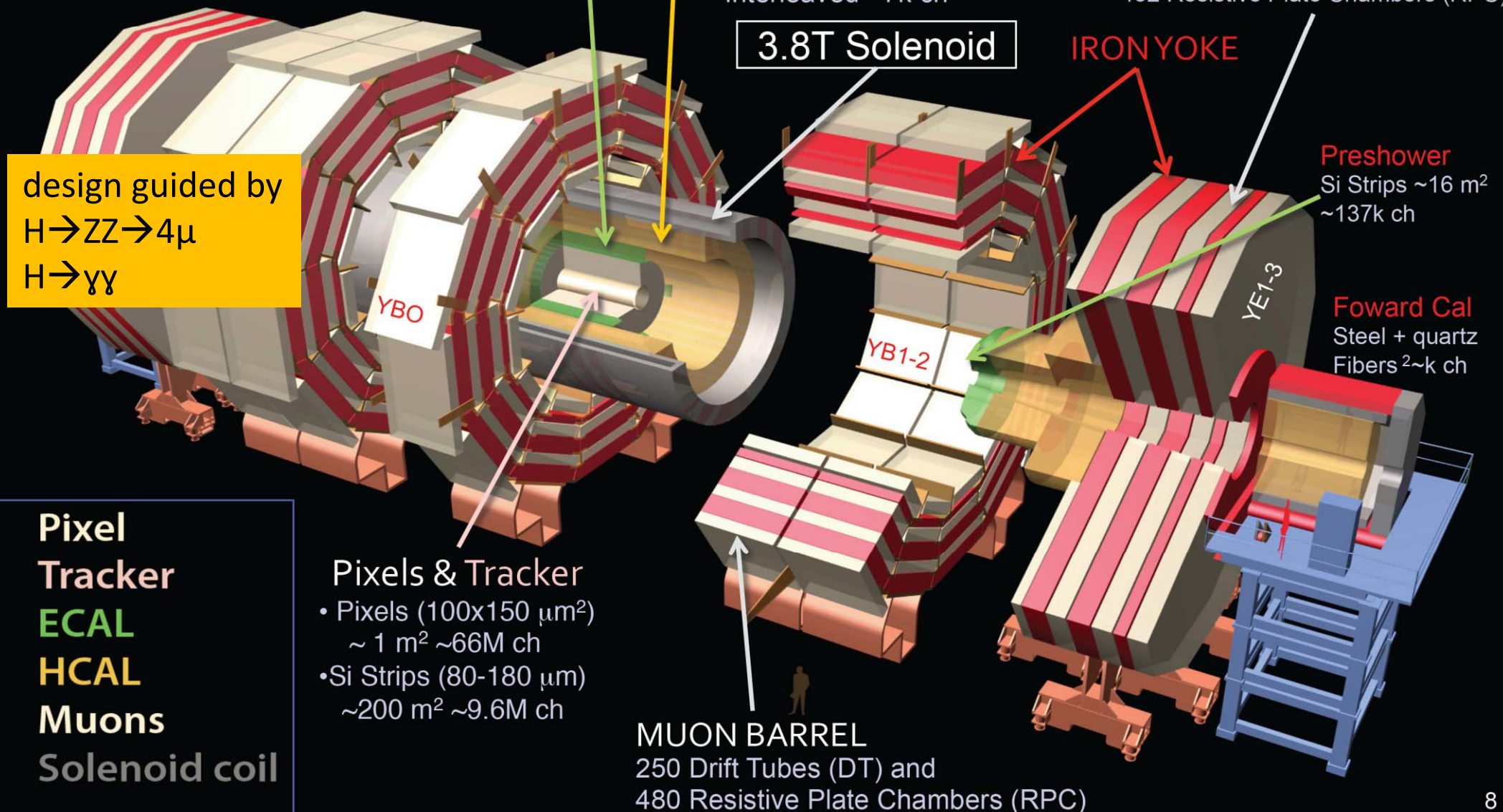
Forward Cal
 Steel + quartz
 Fibers ~2k ch

design guided by
 $H \rightarrow ZZ \rightarrow 4\mu$
 $H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$

Pixel Tracker
ECAL
HCAL
Muons
Solenoid coil

Pixels & Tracker
 • Pixels (100x150 μm²)
 ~ 1 m² ~66M ch
 • Si Strips (80-180 μm)
 ~200 m² ~9.6M ch

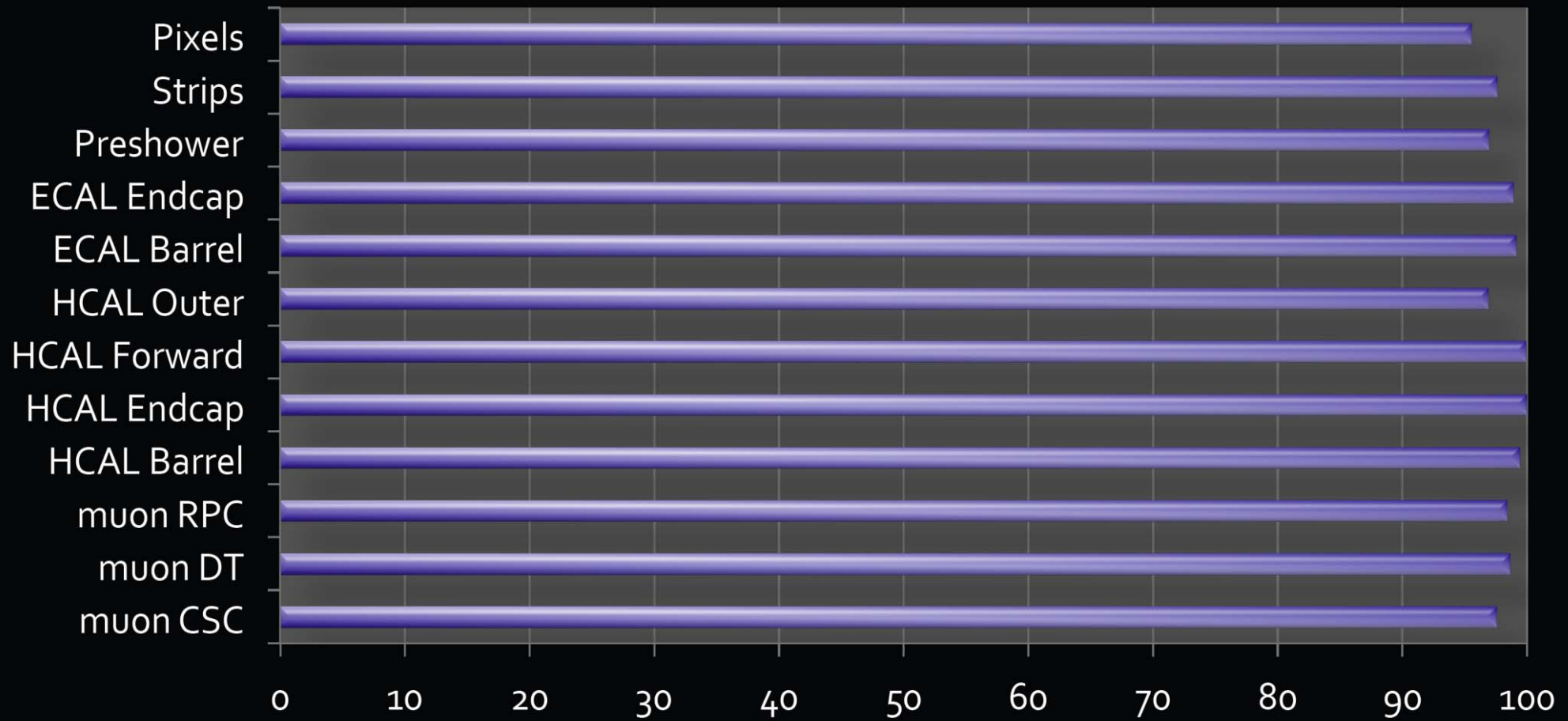
MUON BARREL
 250 Drift Tubes (DT) and
 480 Resistive Plate Chambers (RPC)





Detector Performance

7



October 3, 2012 CMS Wed

CMS Subsystem	muon CSC	muon DT	muon RPC	HCAL Barrel	HCAL Endcap	HCAL Forward	HCAL Outer	ECAL Barrel	ECAL Endcap	Preshower	Strips	Pixels
%Operational	97.55	98.6	98.4	99.4	99.96	99.88	96.88	99.11	98.89	96.9	97.61	95.5

Aachen in CMS

1. + 3. Physikalisches Institut: Profs. Erdmann, Feld, Hebbeker, Schael, Stahl

+ 26 physicists

+ 9 engineers

+ 24 PhD students

+ 27 students

+ 12 technicians

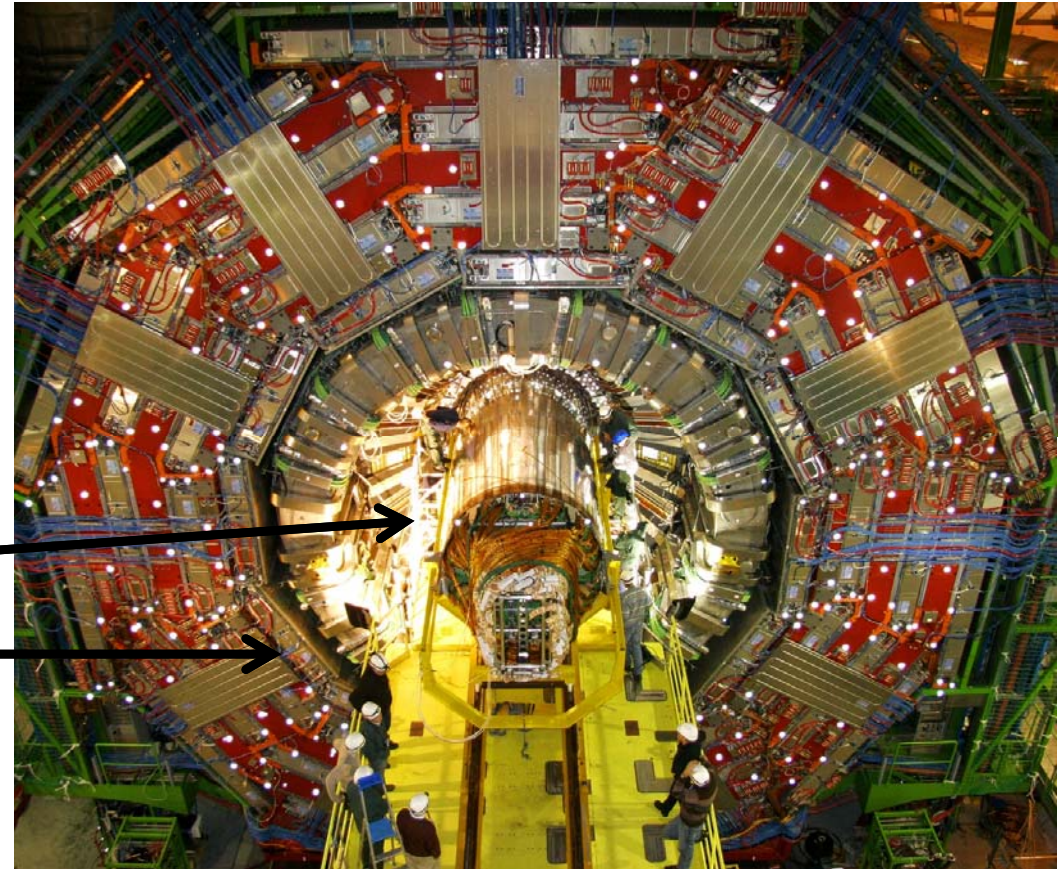
since 1994

R&D and construction of
Silicon Tracker
and Myon Chambers

Tier-2 Computing Centre

Data analysis: Top-Quarks, Higgs, Supersymmetry, ...

Upgrades of Pixel, Tracker and Myon System

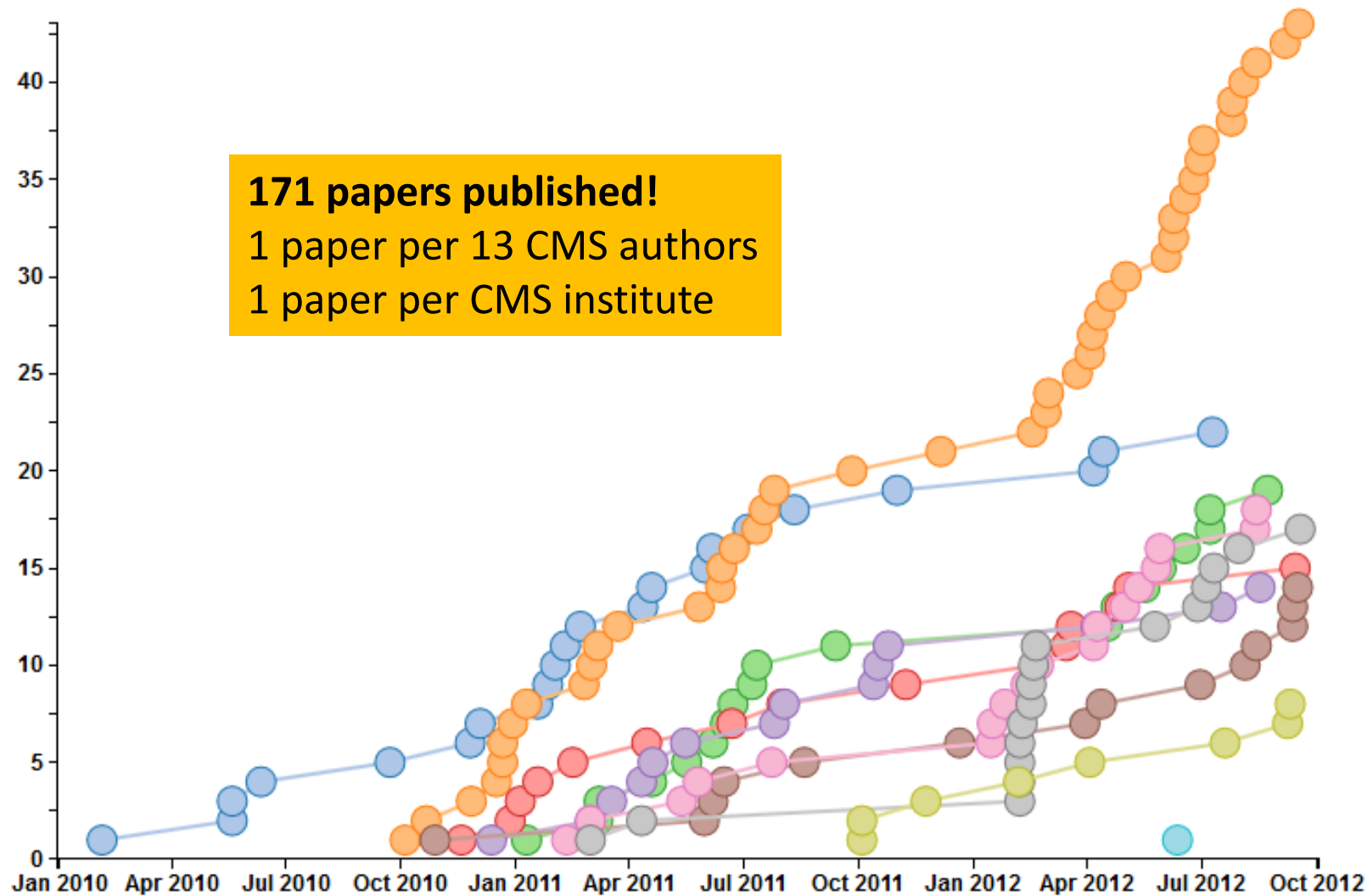


CMS Publications

[Show all](#)
[Total](#)
[QCD Physics](#)
[Exotica Searches](#)
[Supersymmetry](#)
[B Physics](#)

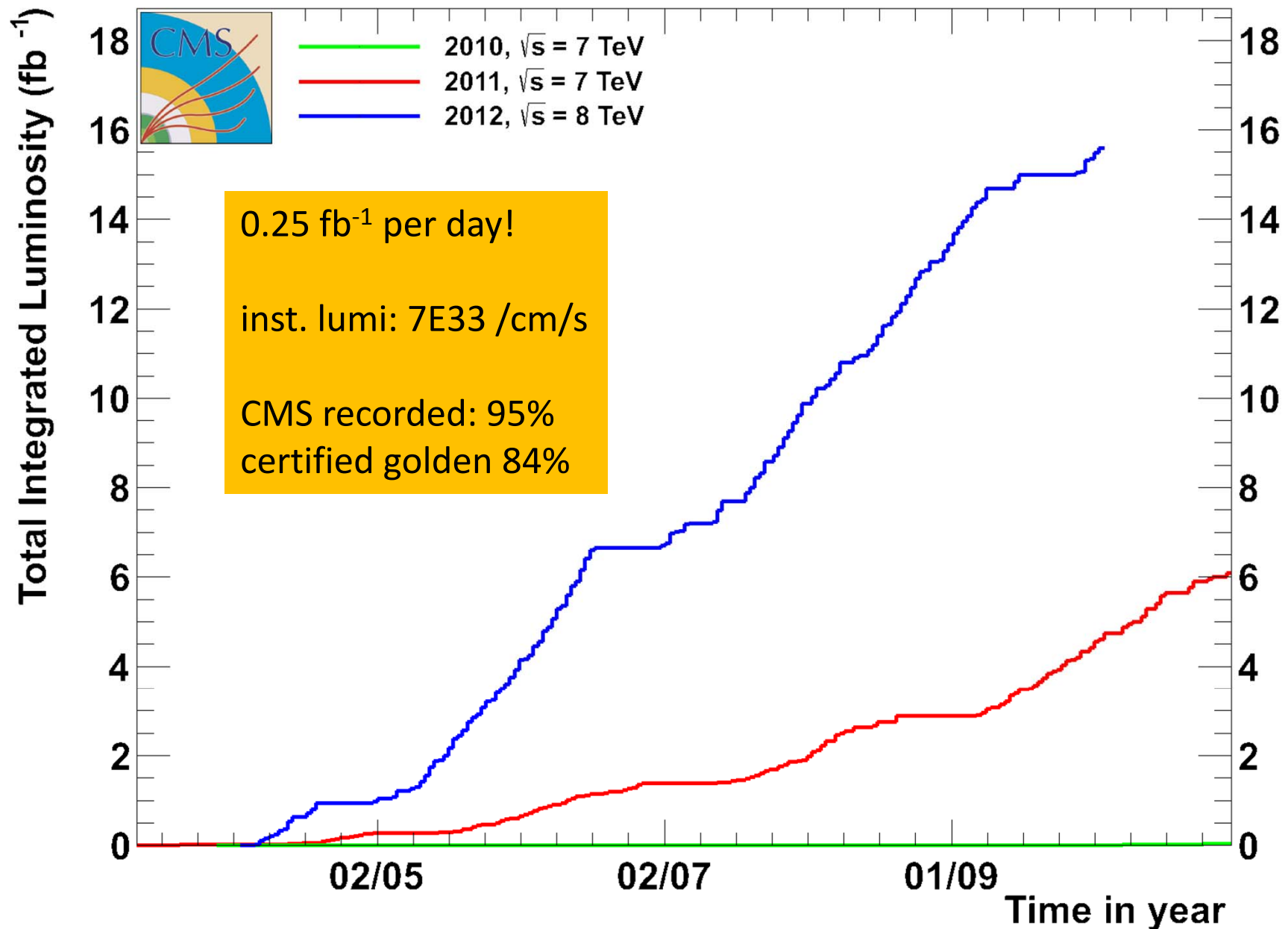
[Electroweak](#)
[Top Physics](#)
[Heavy Ion](#)
[Higgs](#)
[Forward Physics](#)
[Standard Model](#)

171 papers published



Luminosity

CMS Total Integrated Luminosity, p-p



[<https://twiki.cern.ch/twiki/bin/view/CMSPublic/LumiPublicResults>]

Pile-up is a real challenge!



Event
CMS Experiment at LHC, CERN
Data recorded: Mon May 28 01:16:20 2012 CEST
Run/Event: 195099 / 35438125
Lumi section: 65
Orbit/Crossing: 16992111 / 2295

*Raw $\Sigma E_T \sim 2 \text{ TeV}$
14 jets with $E_T > 40 \text{ GeV}$
Estimated $PU \sim 50$*

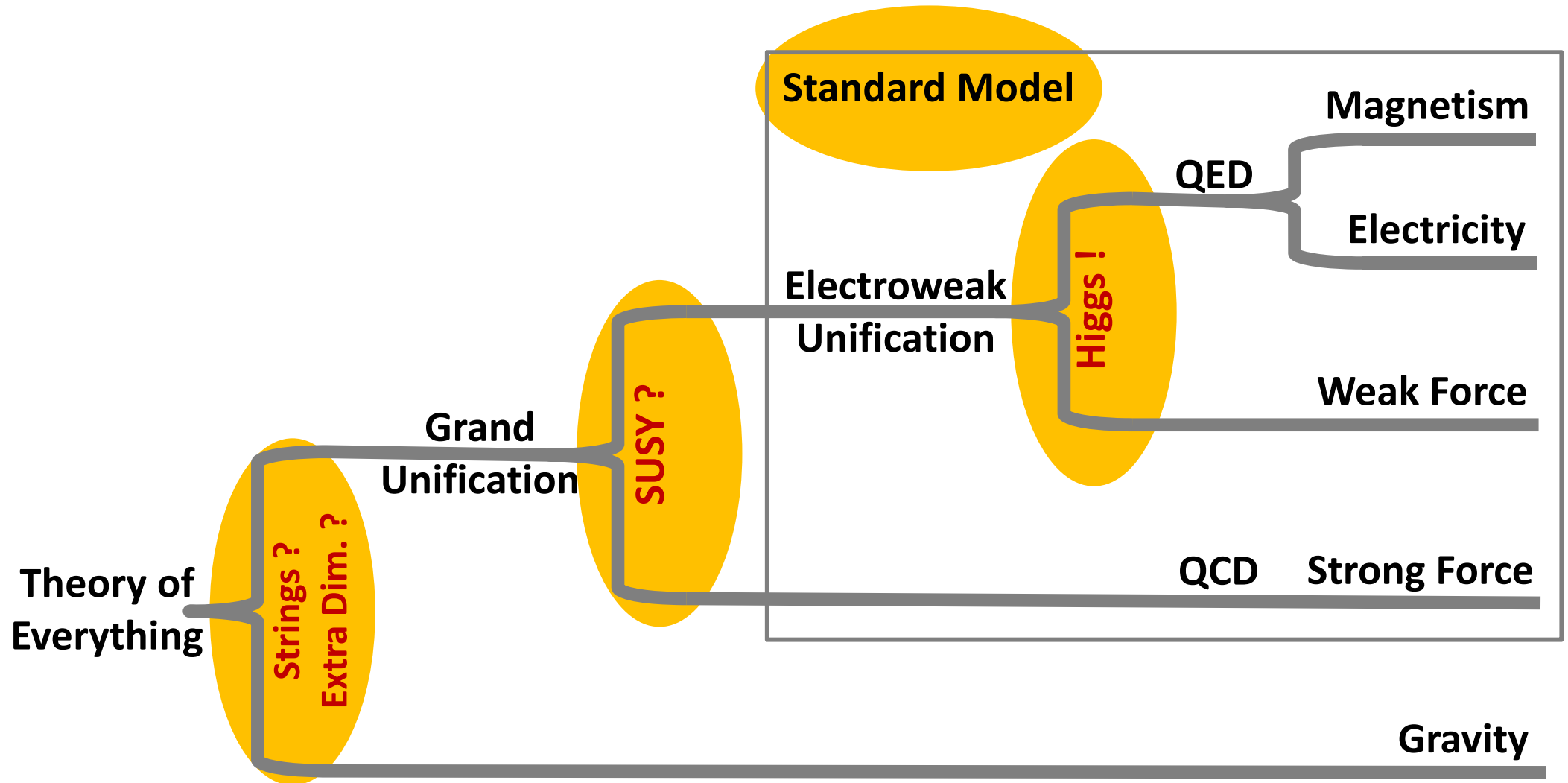
multiple pp collisions produce

1-2 thousand low energy charged particles per event
1-2 thousand low energy photons per event

affects

- jets
- missing transverse energy
- lepton isolation

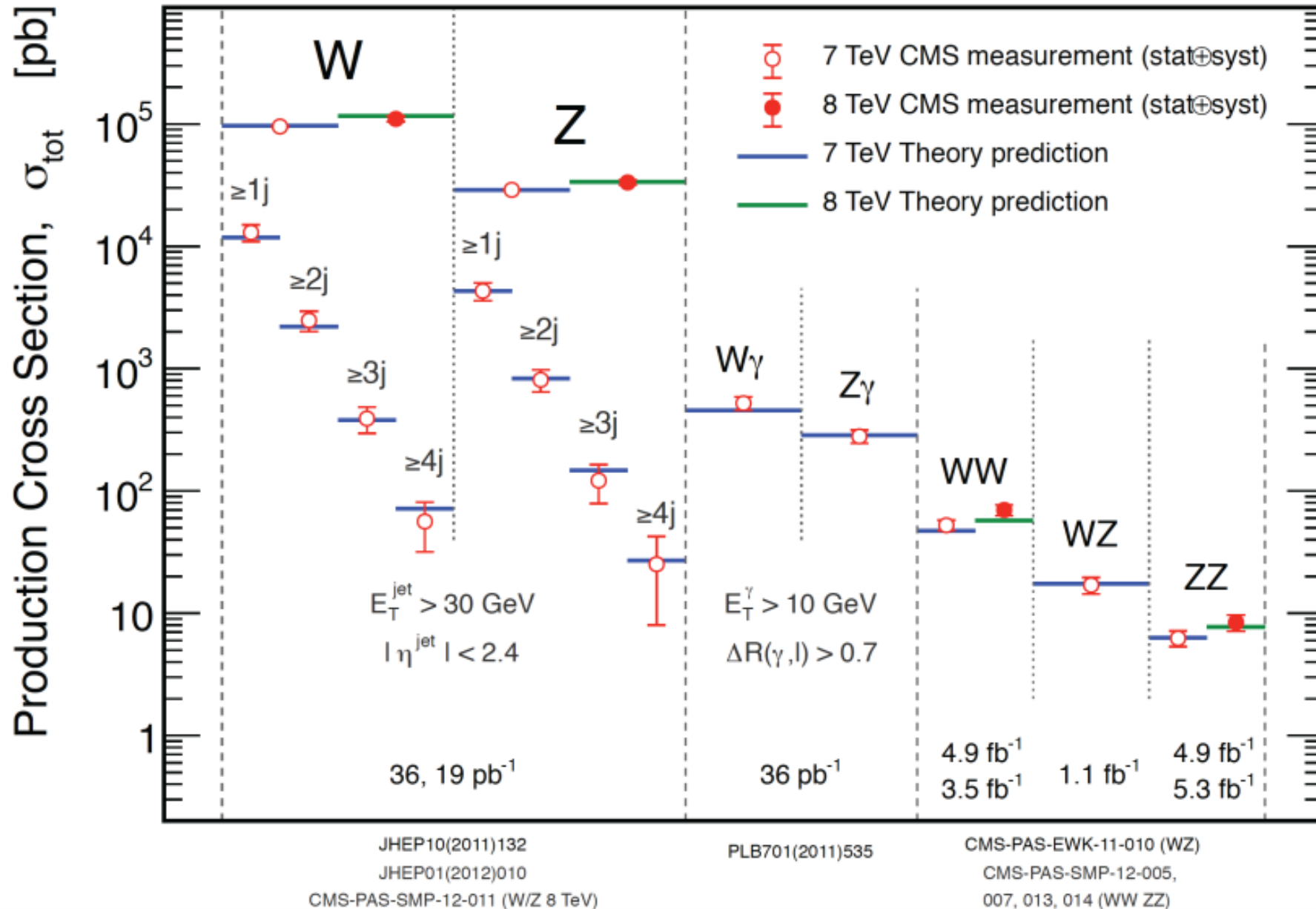
LHC Physics Goals



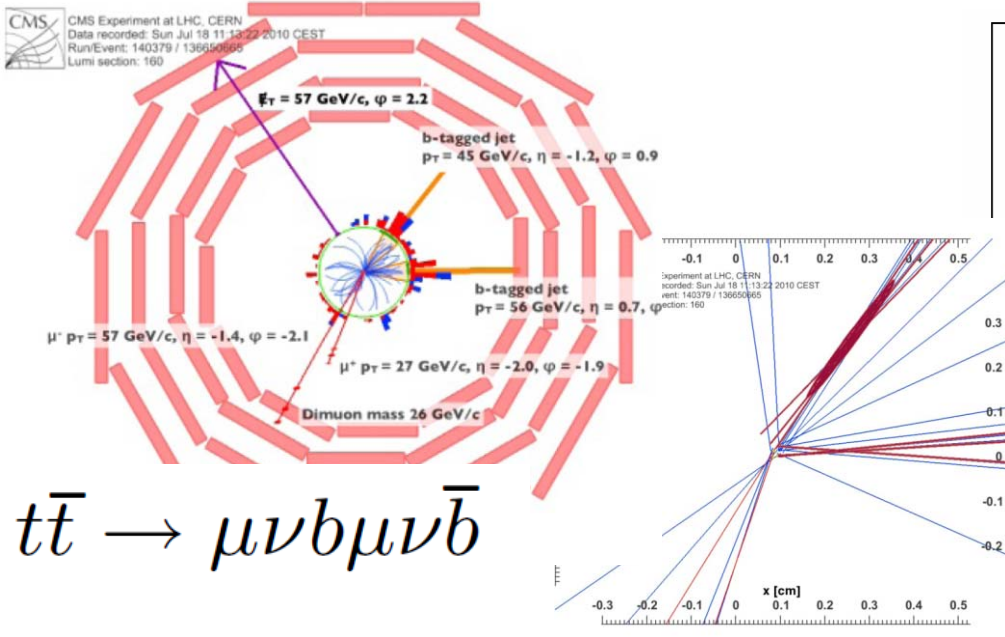
Vector Boson Cross Section Measurements

Single Boson and Di-Boson Production

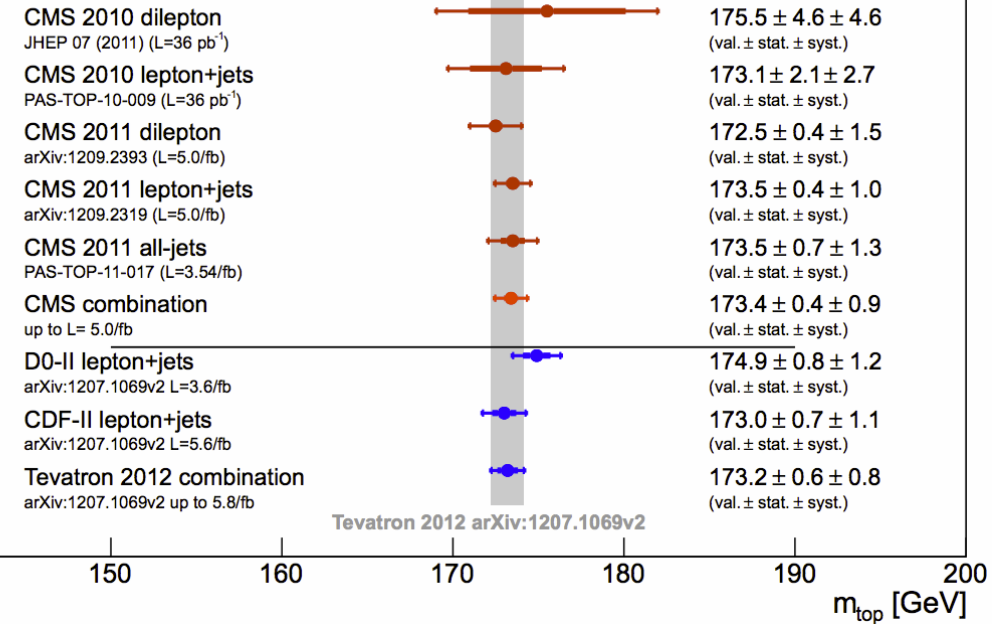
CMS



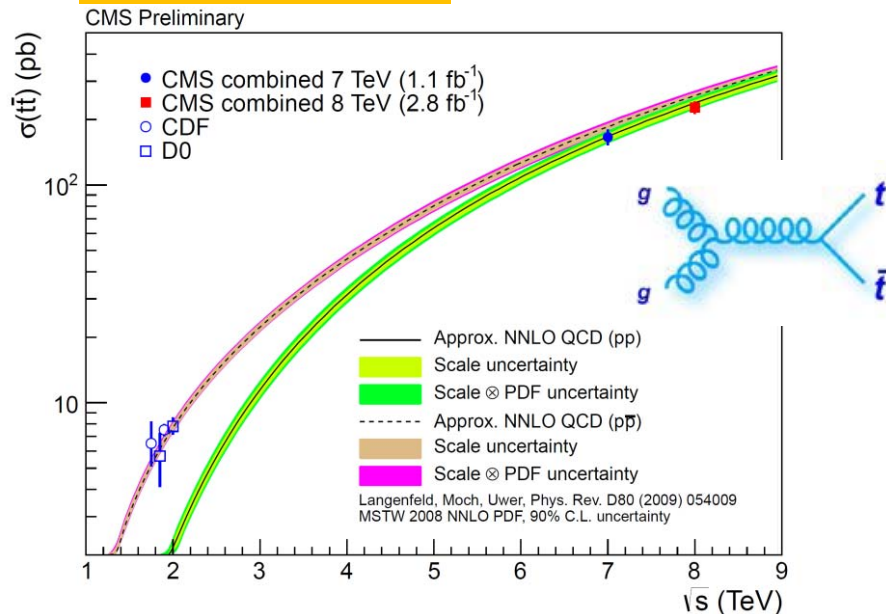
Top Quark Cross Section and Mass



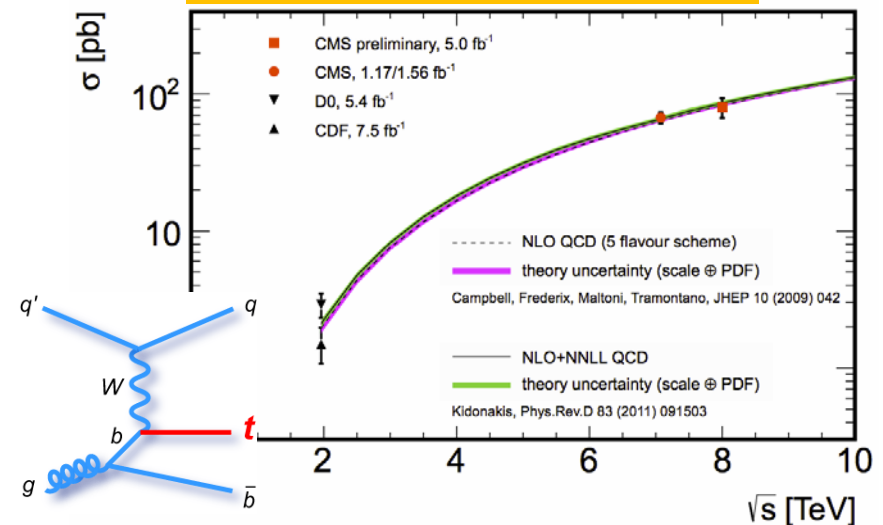
top mass $m_t = 173.36 \pm 0.38 \text{ (stat.)} \pm 0.91 \text{ (syst.) GeV}$



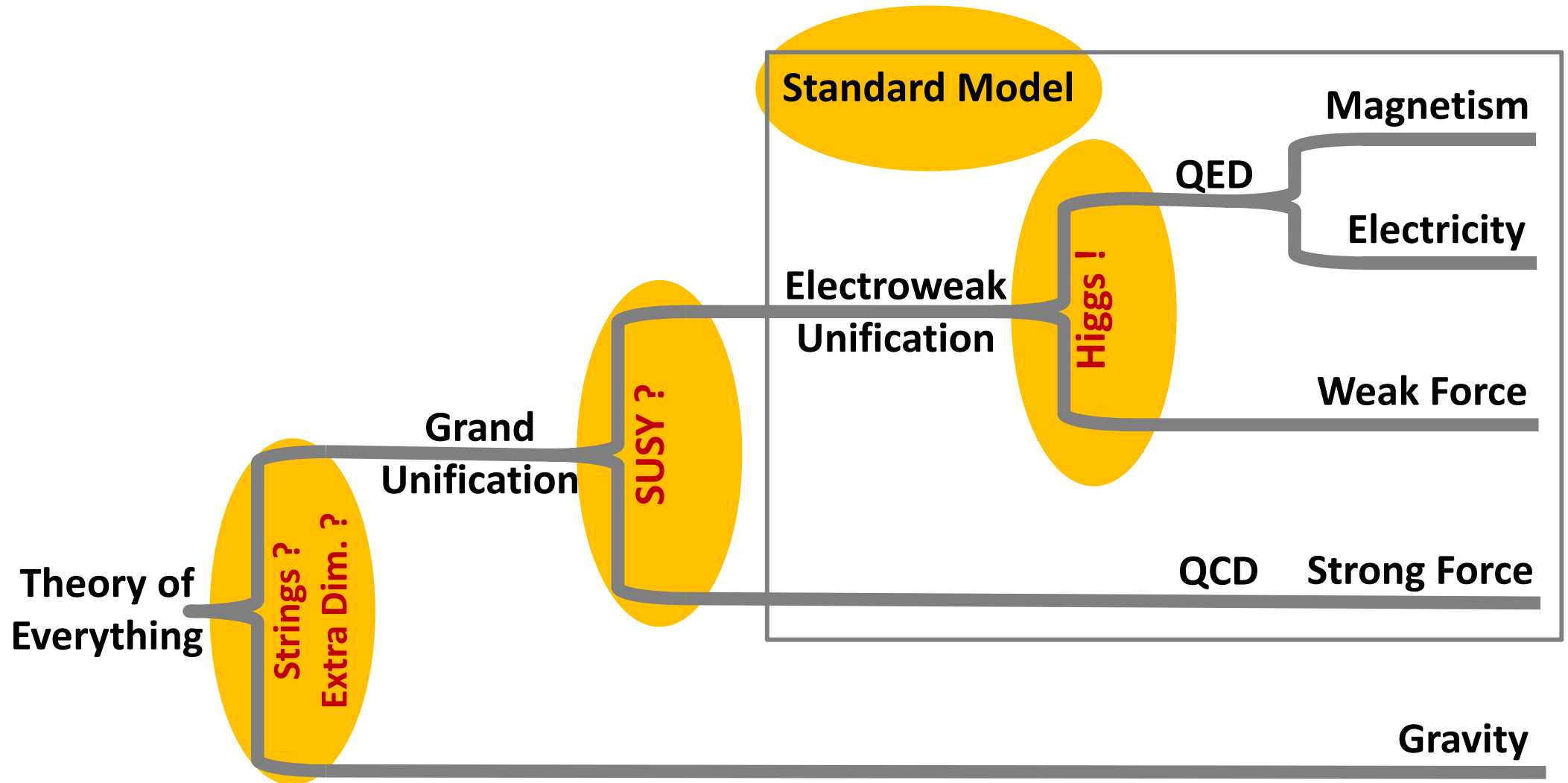
top pair production



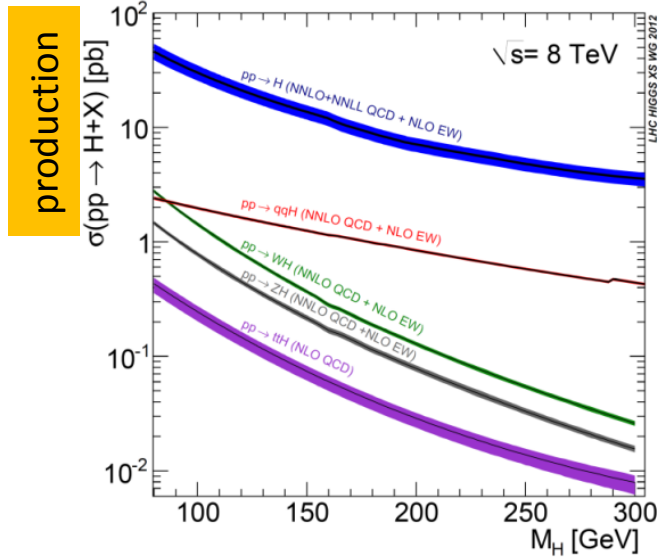
t-channel single top production



LHC Physics Goals



The Higgs Boson

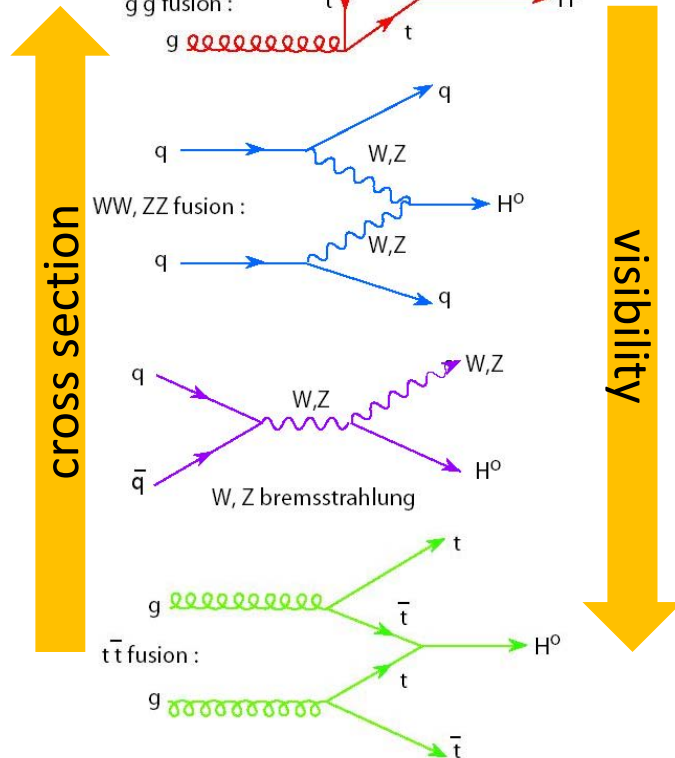
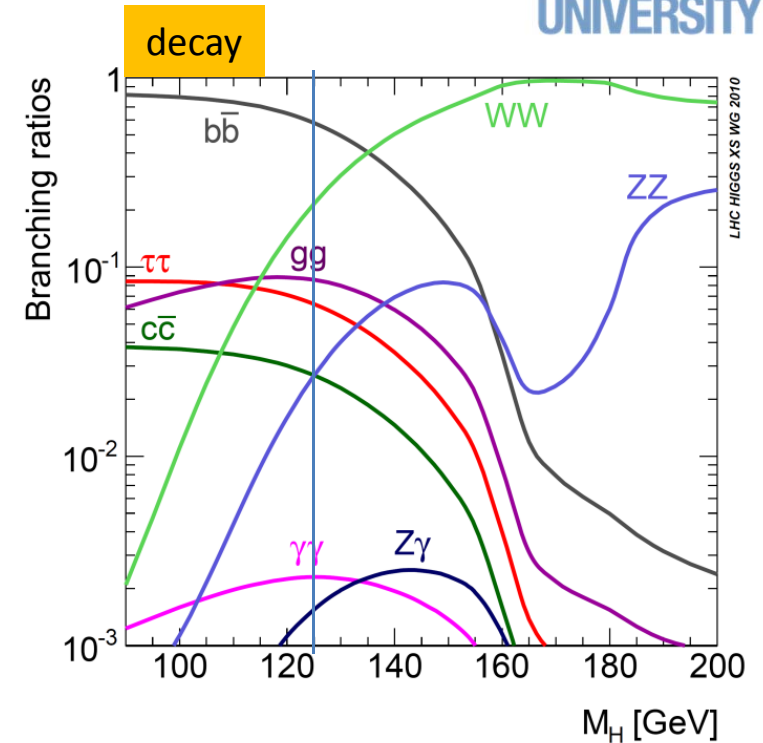


if $m_H \approx 125 \text{ GeV}$ then

$$\sigma(pp \rightarrow H + X) \approx 15 \text{ pb}$$

$\rightarrow$ in $L = 5 \text{ fb}^{-1}$: 75'000 higgs bosons

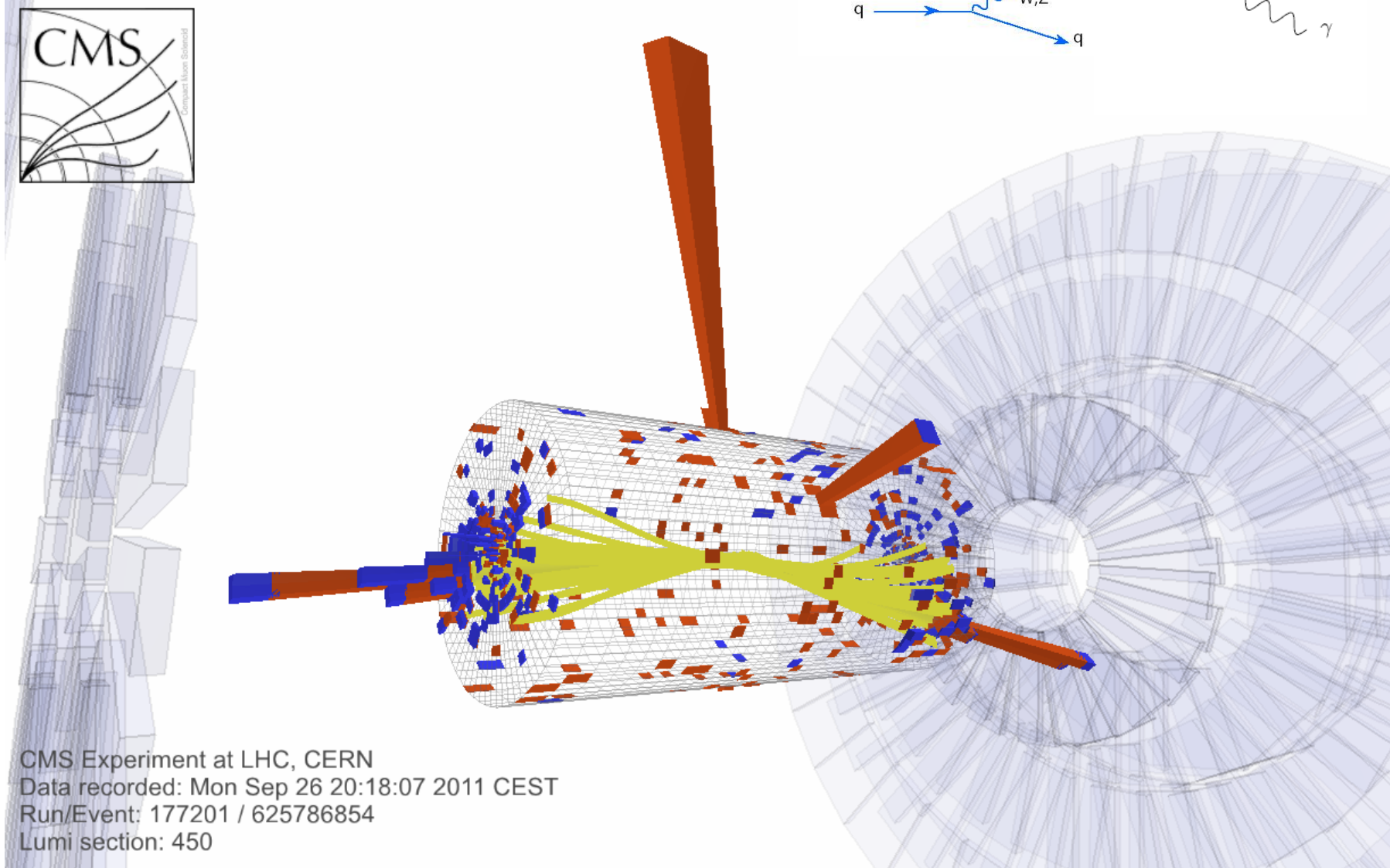
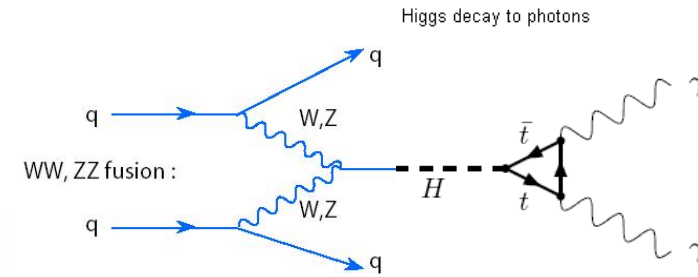
$$\Gamma(H) \approx 4 \text{ MeV}$$



	$H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$	$H \rightarrow ZZ$	$H \rightarrow WW$	$H \rightarrow b\bar{b}$	$H \rightarrow \tau\tau$
$gg \rightarrow H$	+	+	+	-	+
$qq \rightarrow qqH$	+		+		+
$qq \rightarrow VH$				+	
$gg \rightarrow ttH$					

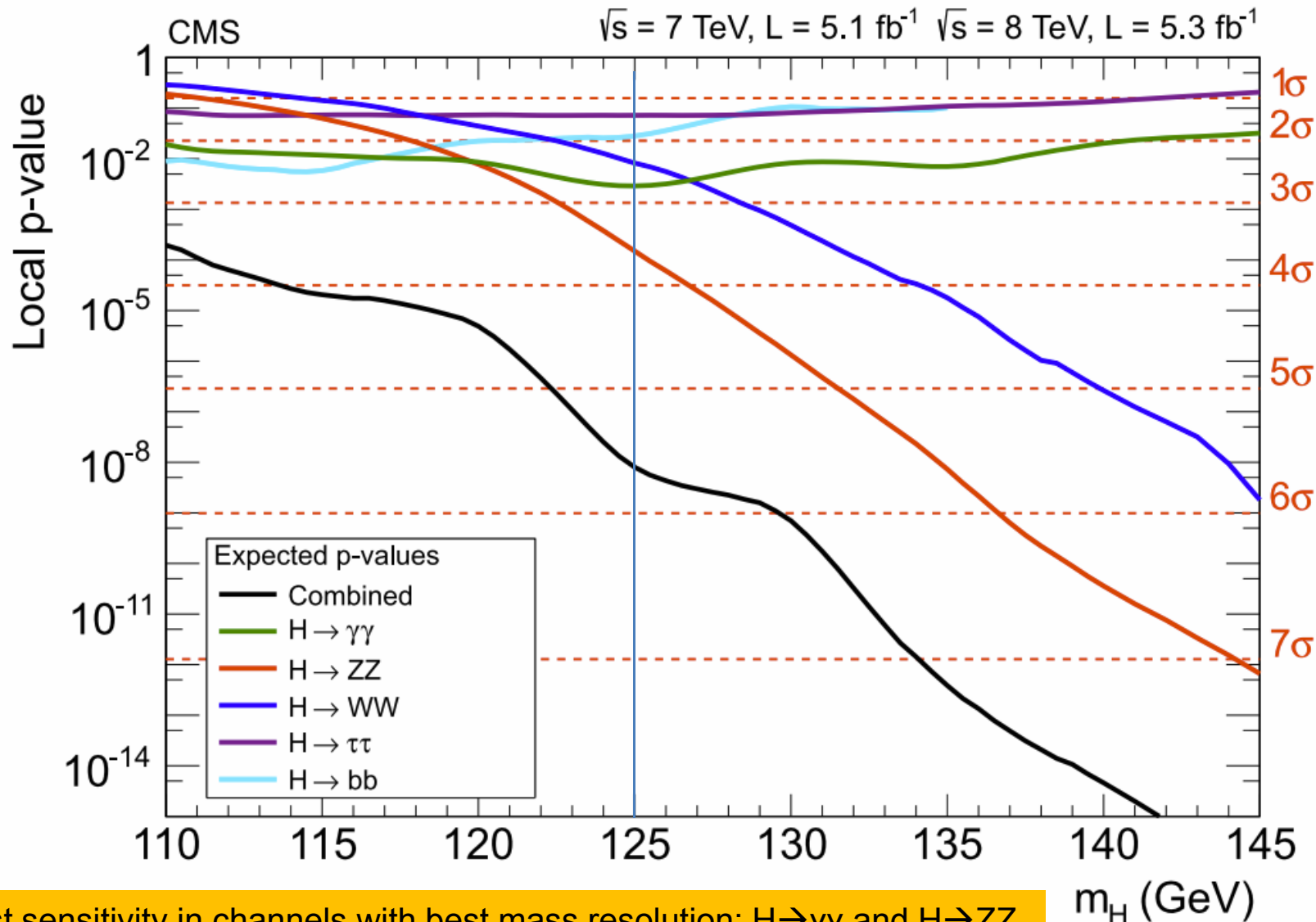
mass resolution	1-3%	1-7%	20%	10%	20%
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di-jet tagging: $qq \rightarrow qqH \rightarrow qq\gamma\gamma$

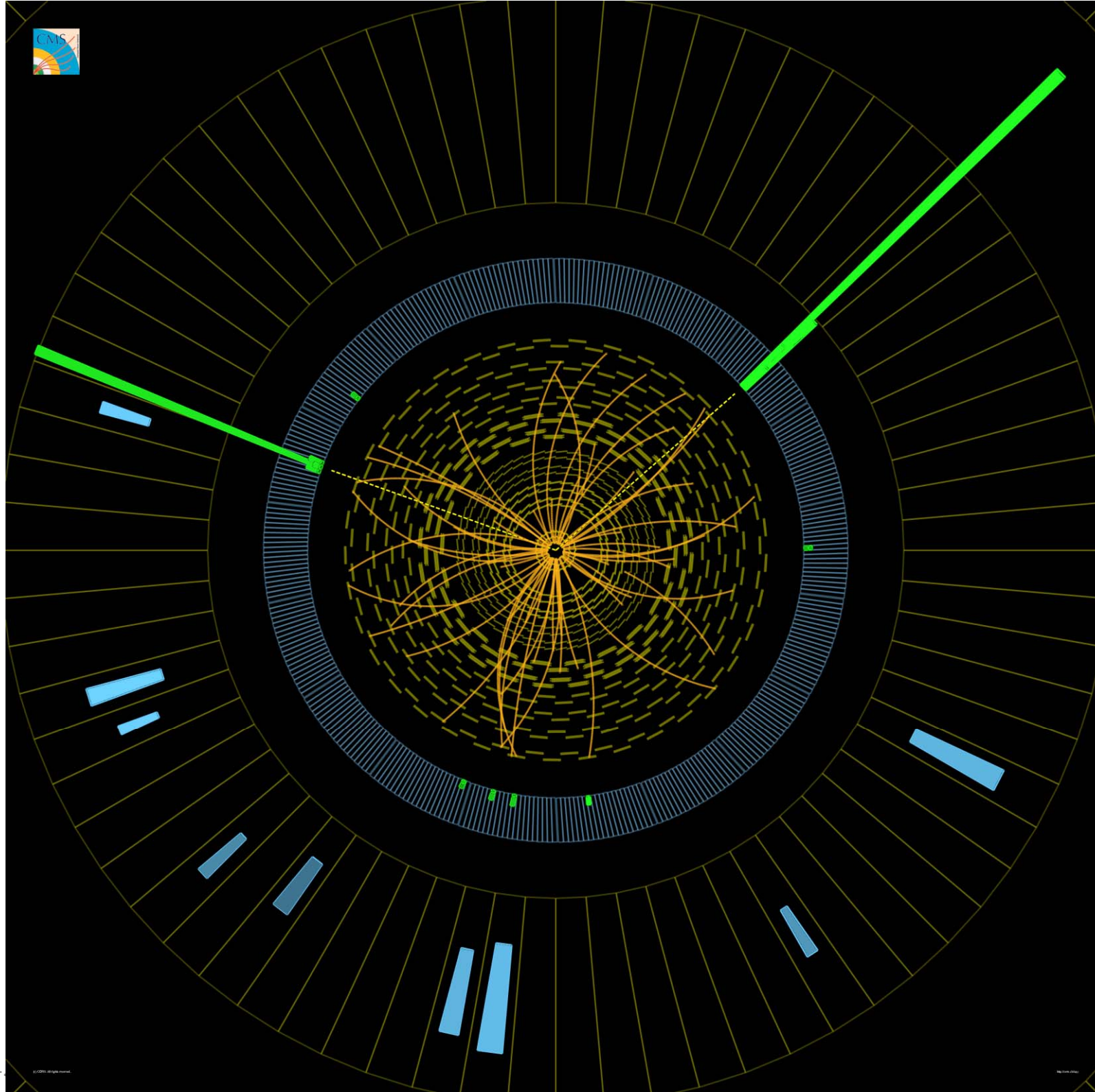


Sensitivity of different channels

p-value: probability that background fluctuates to an excess as large as expected from the SM higgs

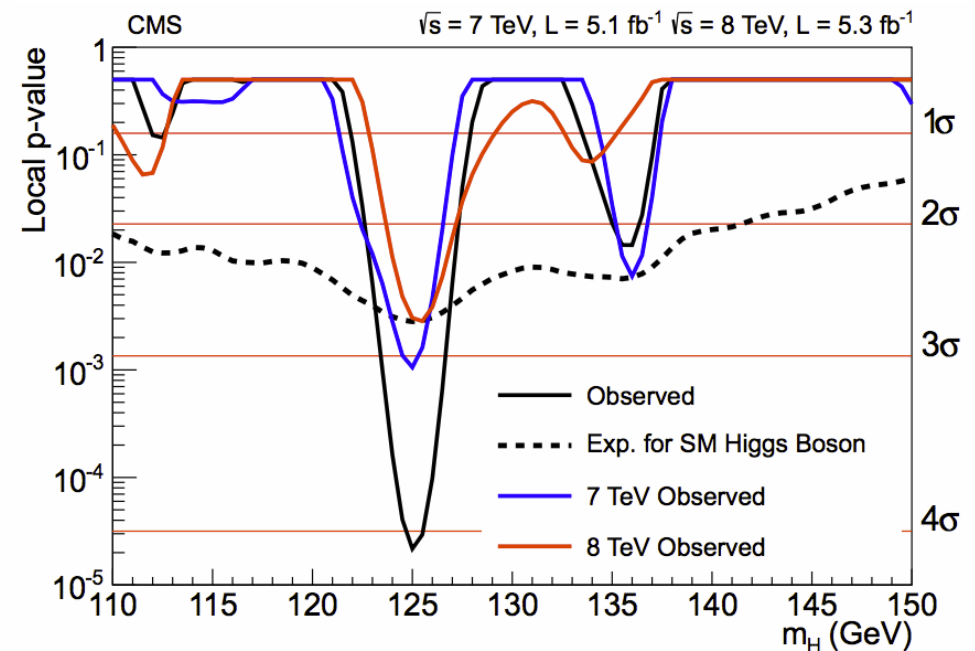
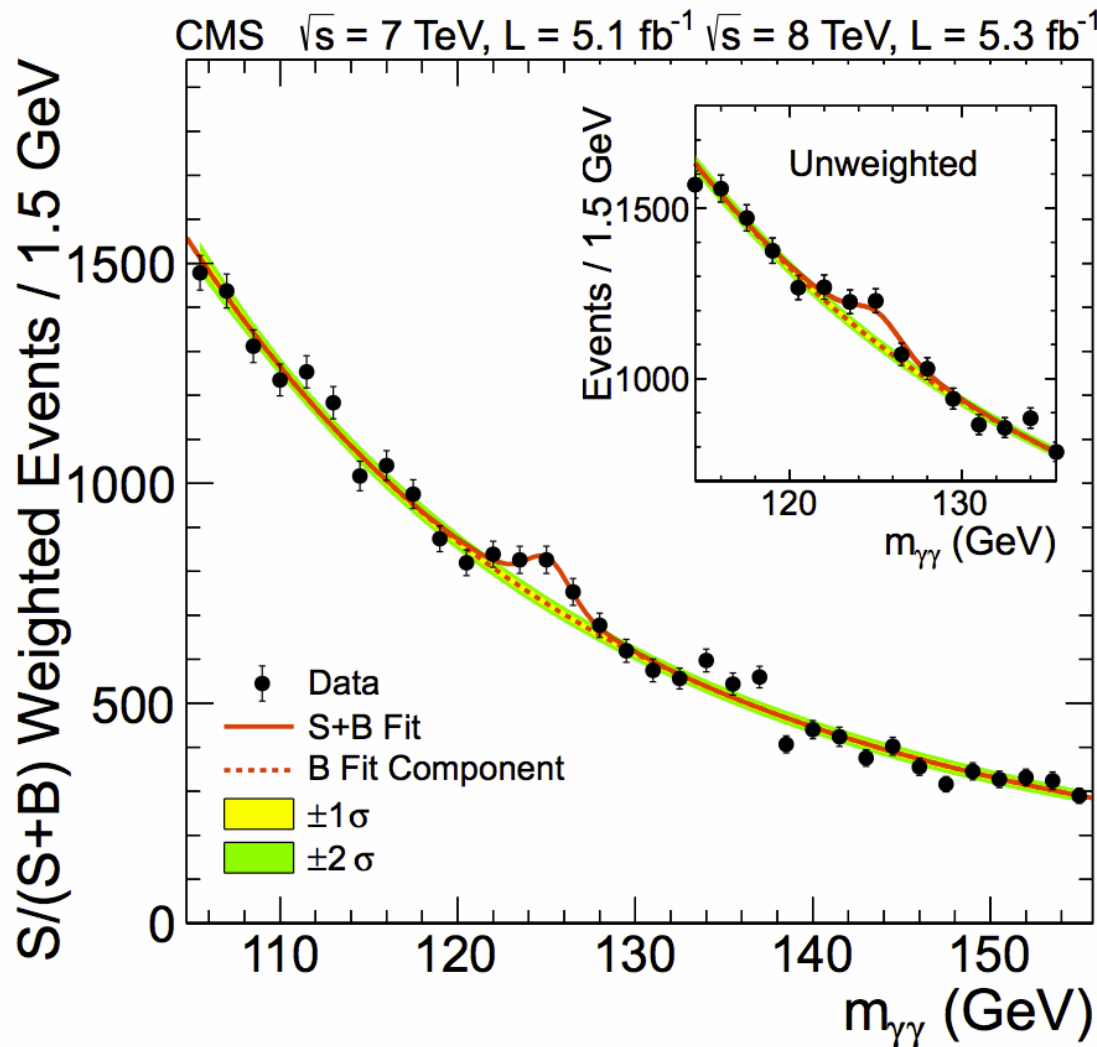
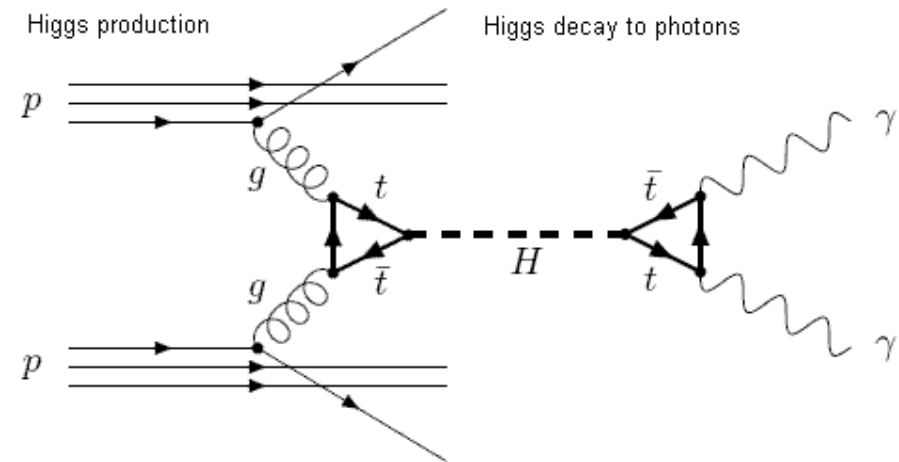


highest sensitivity in channels with best mass resolution: $H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ and $H \rightarrow ZZ$
mass resolution = significance!

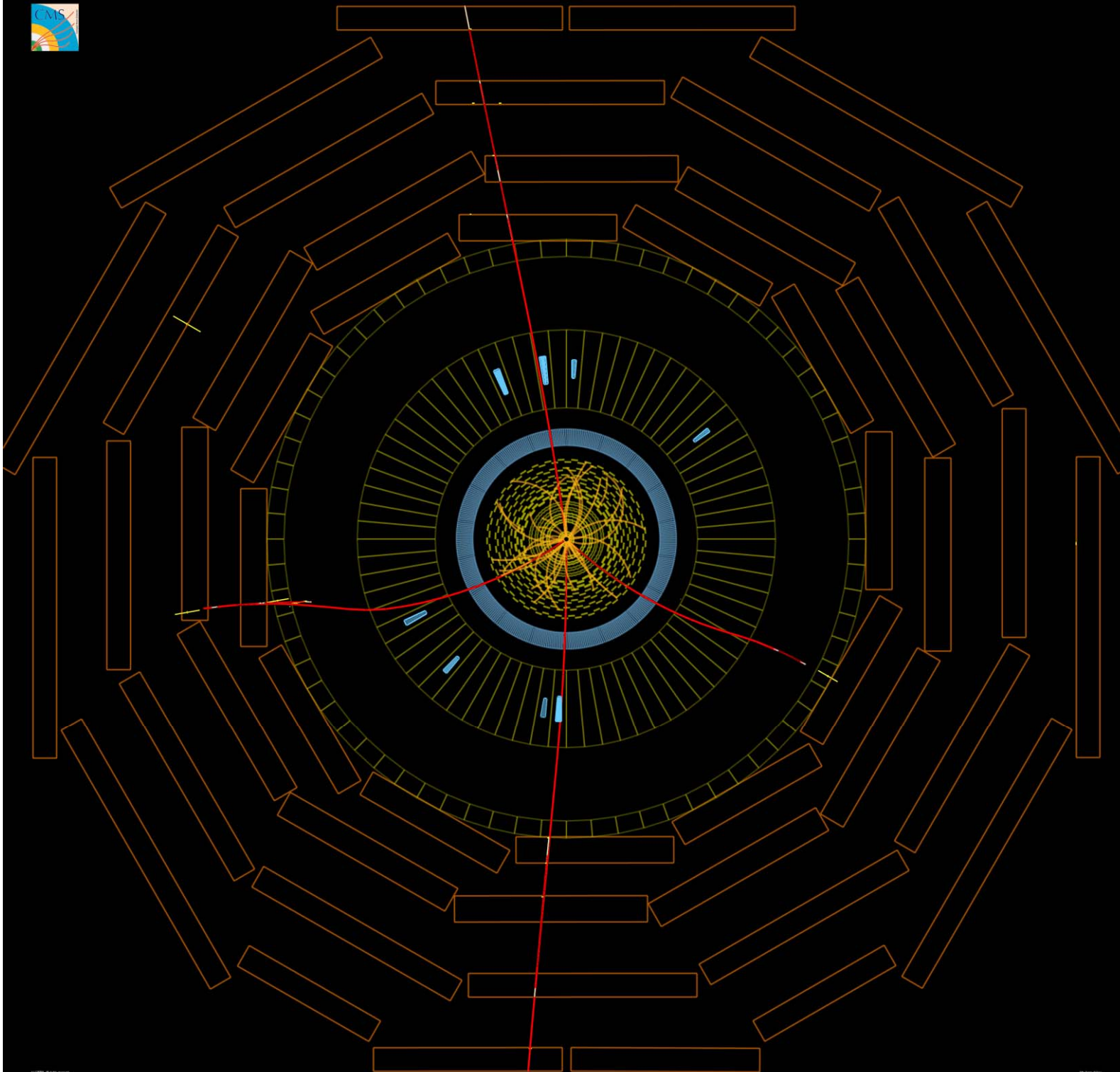


$H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$

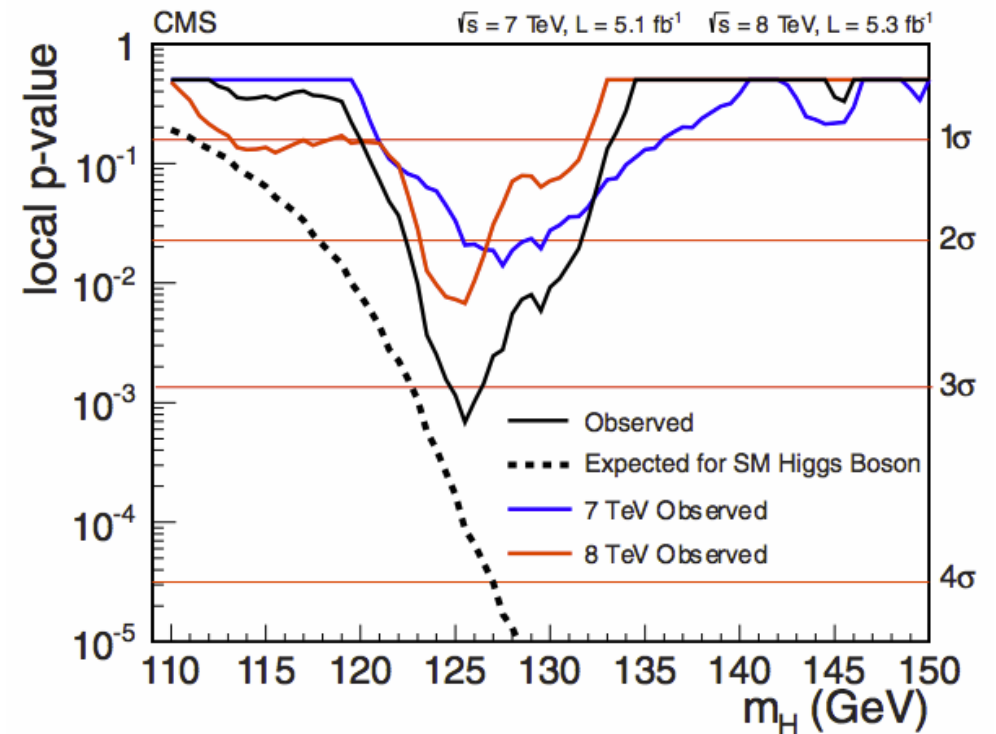
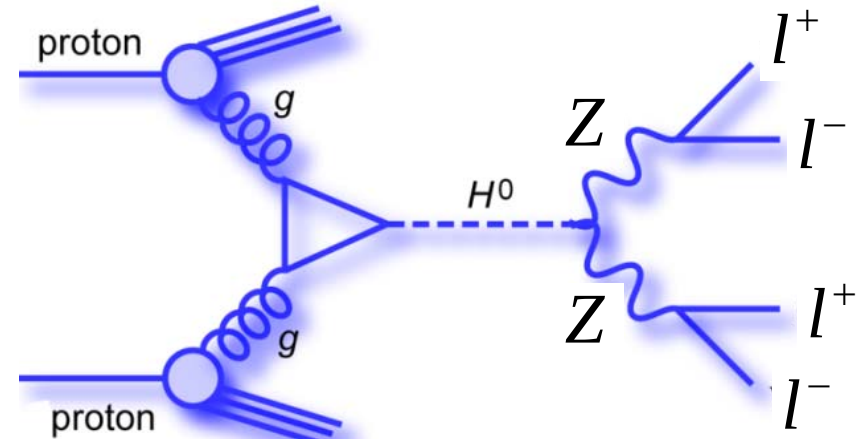
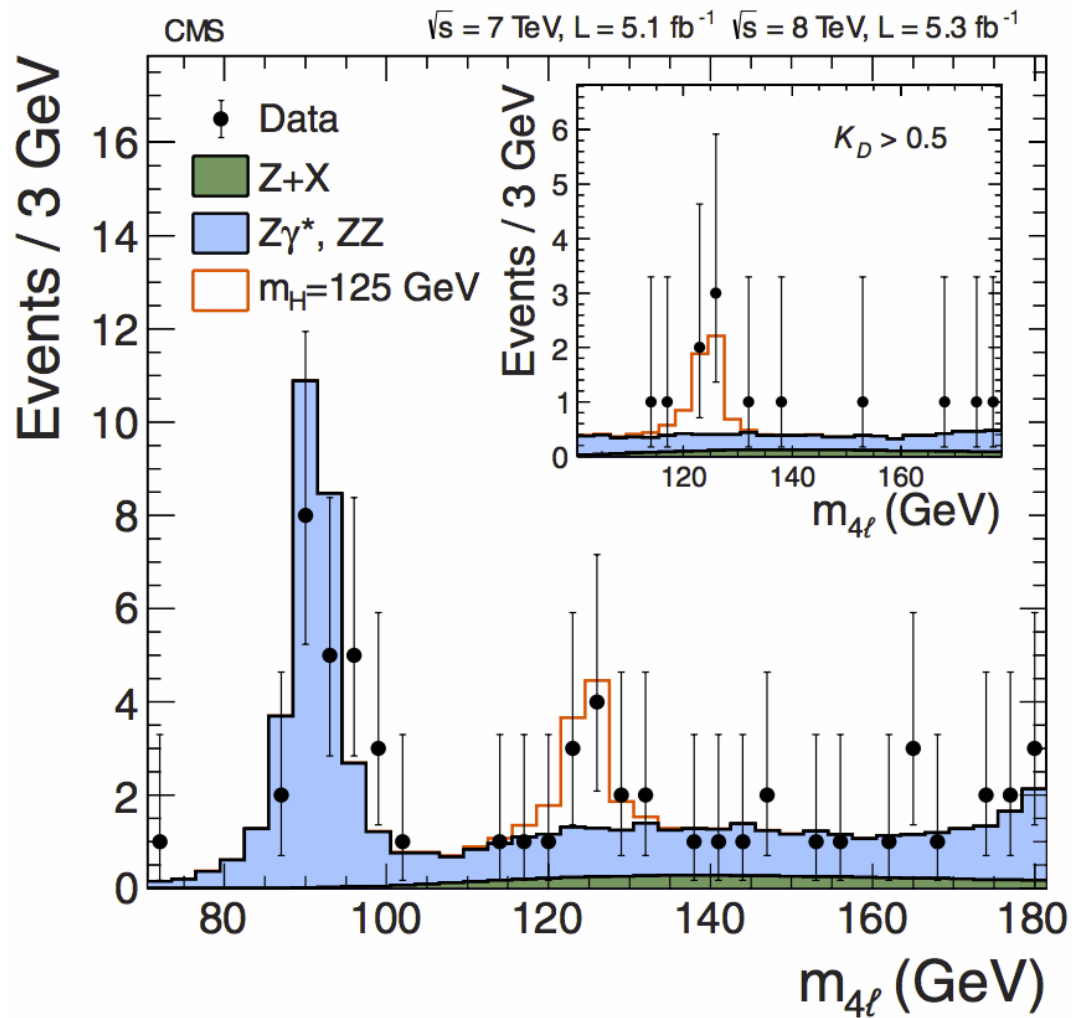
- ECAL energy resolution decides
- $\gamma\gamma$ mass resolution 3-4 GeV
- multi-variate analysis for photon ID and event classification



significance 4.1σ



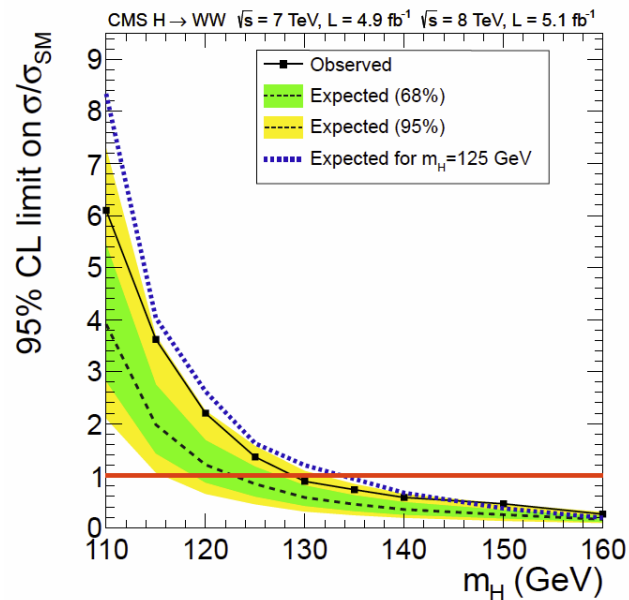
H → ZZ



significance 3.1σ

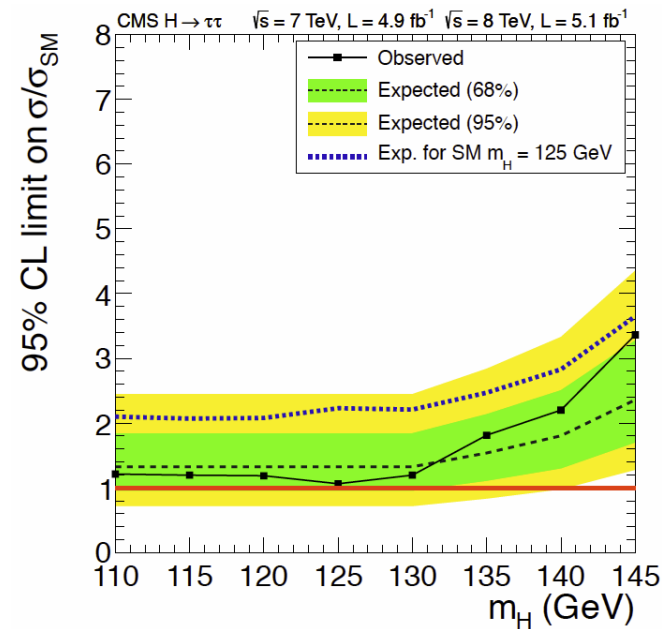
The low mass resolution channels

$H \rightarrow WW$ ($gg \rightarrow H, qq \rightarrow qqH$)



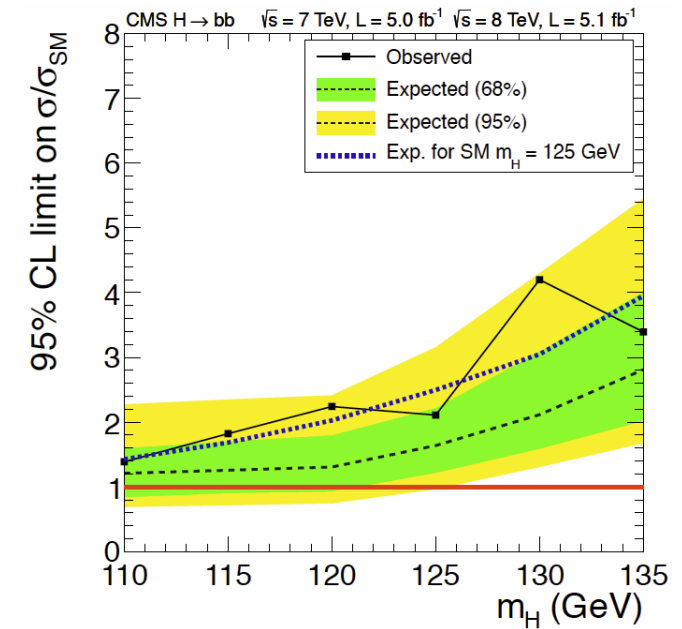
broad excess

$H \rightarrow \tau\tau$ ($gg \rightarrow H, qq \rightarrow qqH$)



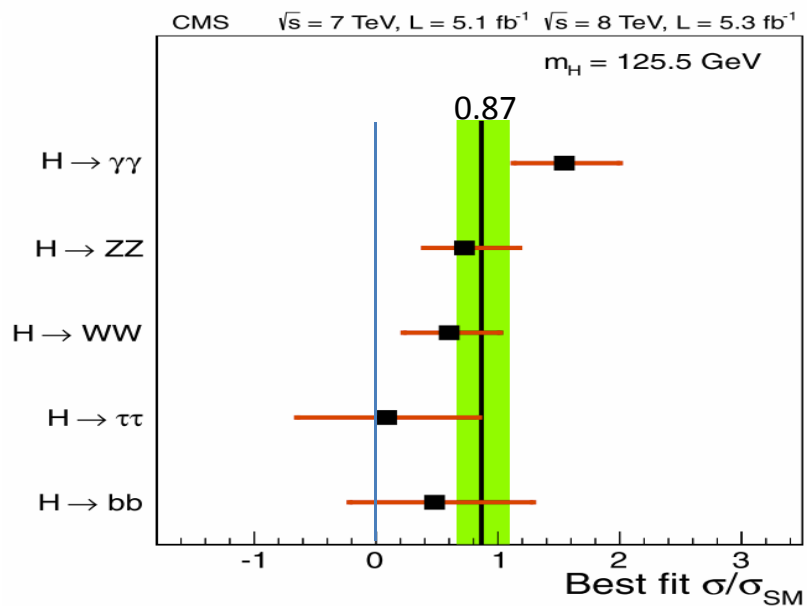
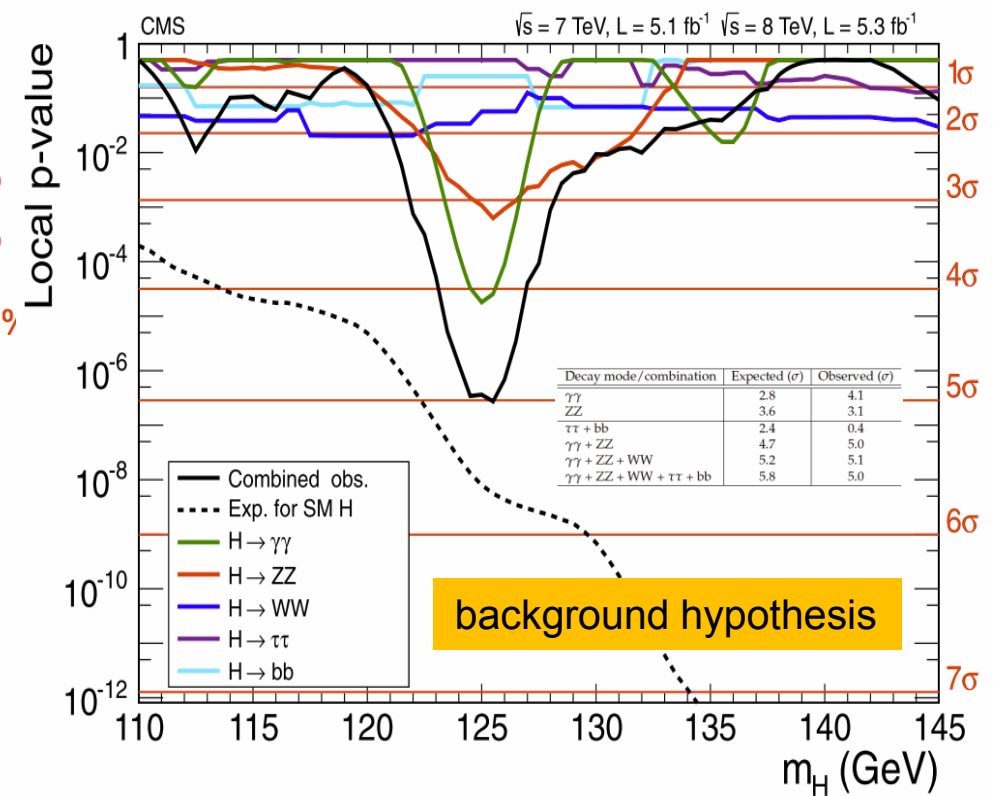
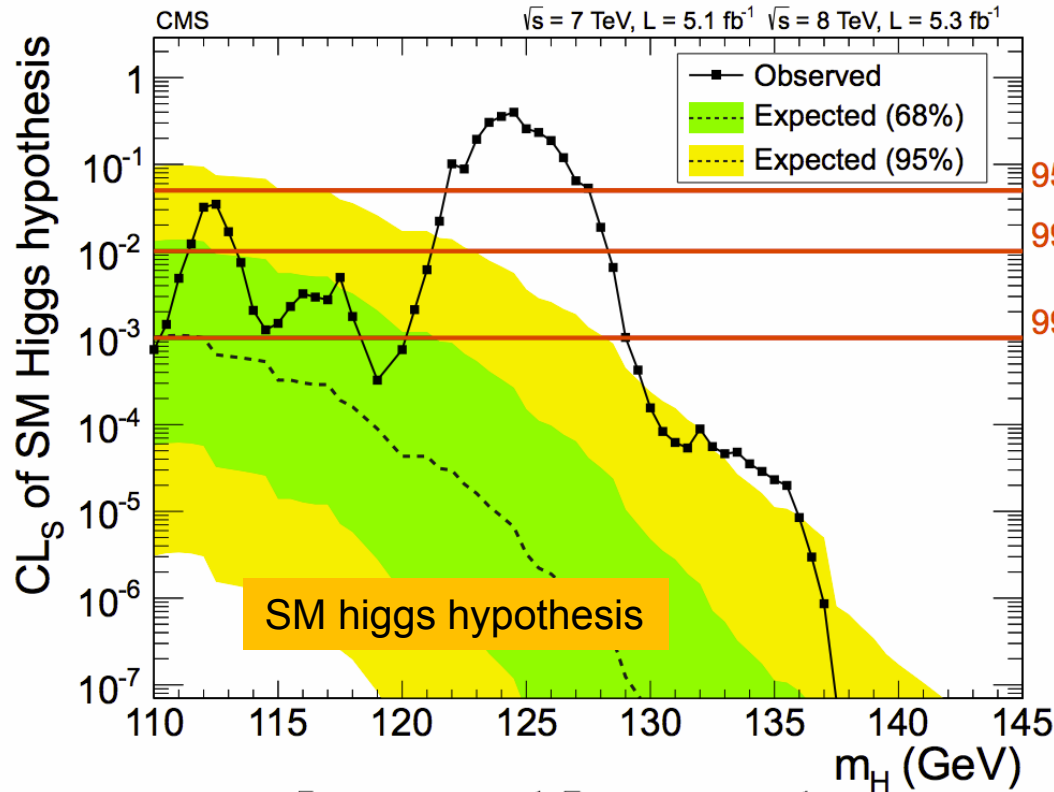
‘background like’

$H \rightarrow bb$ ($qq \rightarrow VH$)



broad excess

Observed Yields



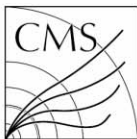
higgs boson excluded at 95% CL everywhere up to 600 GeV except around 125 GeV

at 125 GeV we observe a 5 sigma deviation from the background hypothesis

yields in all channels (still) consistent with SM higgs

ratio of couplings to Z and W consistent with SM

good agreement between 2011 and 2012 data



CMS-HIG-12-028

CERN-PH-EP/2012-220
2012/08/01

Observation of a new boson at a mass of 125 GeV with the CMS experiment at the LHC

The CMS Collaboration*

Abstract

Results are presented from searches for the standard model Higgs boson in proton collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ and 8 TeV in the CMS experiment at the LHC, data samples corresponding to integrated luminosities of up to 5.1 fb^{-1} at 7 TeV and 5.3 fb^{-1} at 8 TeV. The search is performed in five decay modes: $\gamma\gamma$, ZZ , WW , $\tau\tau$, and $b\bar{b}$. An excess of events is observed above the expected background, a local significance of 5.0 standard deviations, at a mass near 125 GeV, signalling the production of a new particle. The expected significance for a standard model Higgs boson with that mass is 5.8 standard deviations. The excess is most significant in the two modes with the best mass resolution, $\gamma\gamma$ and ZZ ; a fit to these signals gives a mass of $125.3 \pm 0.4 \text{ (stat.)} \pm 0.5 \text{ (syst.) GeV}$. The decay to two photons indicates that the particle is a boson with spin different from one.

This paper is dedicated to the memory of our colleagues who worked on CMS but have since passed away.

In recognition of their many contributions to the achievement of this observation.

we have observed a new particle!

it decays to $\gamma\gamma$ and ZZ

→ spin 0 or 2

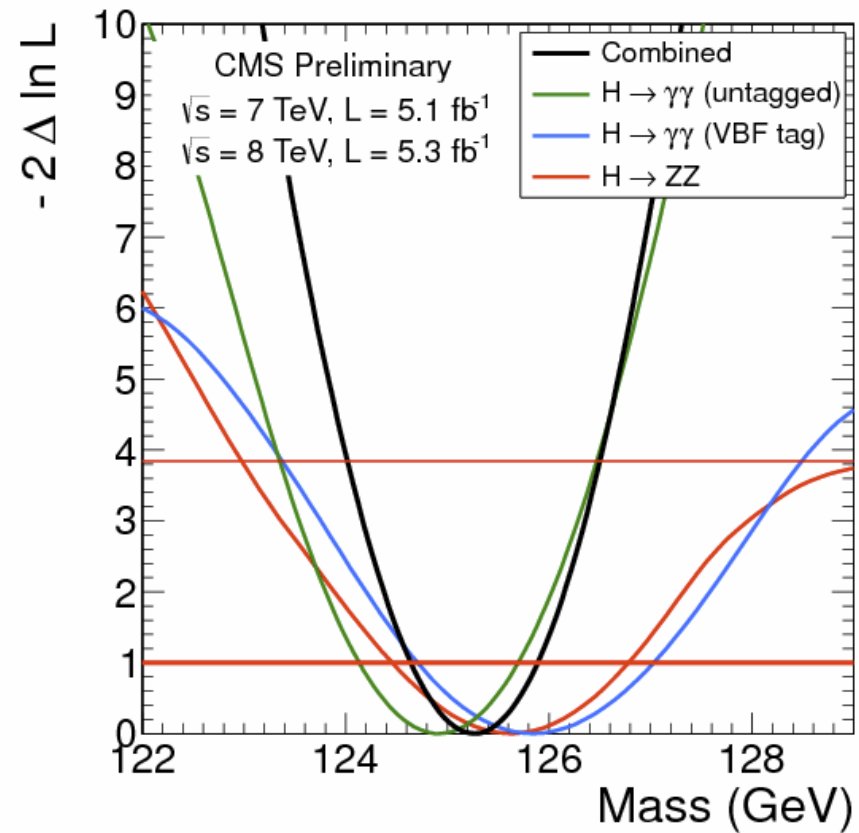
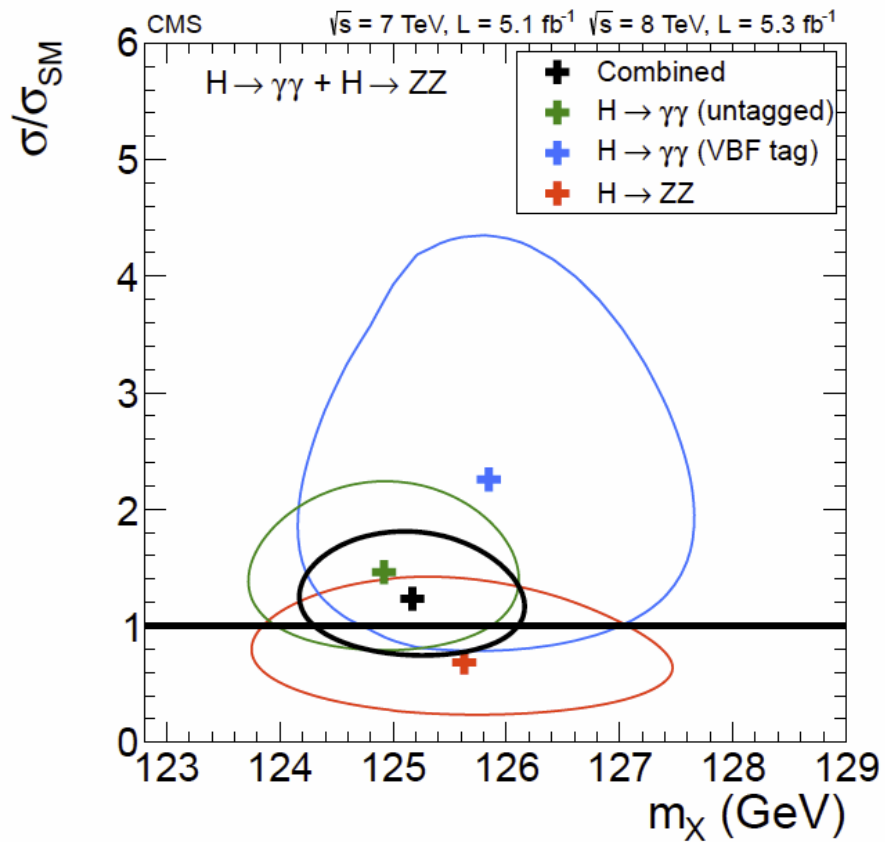
(spin 1 forbidden by Landau Yang theorem)

→ it is a boson

→ it is a new kind of particle
the first with this spin value

→ the LHC has achieved
one of it's main goals
(either the higgs or new physics!)

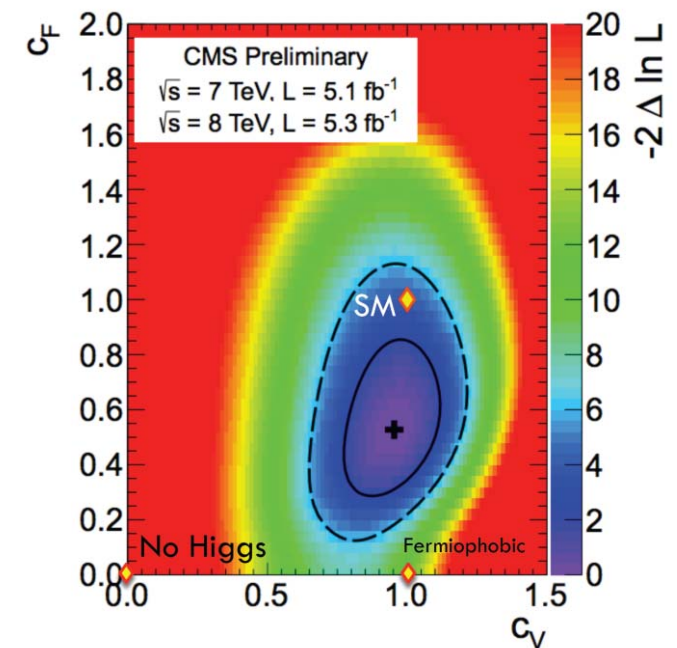
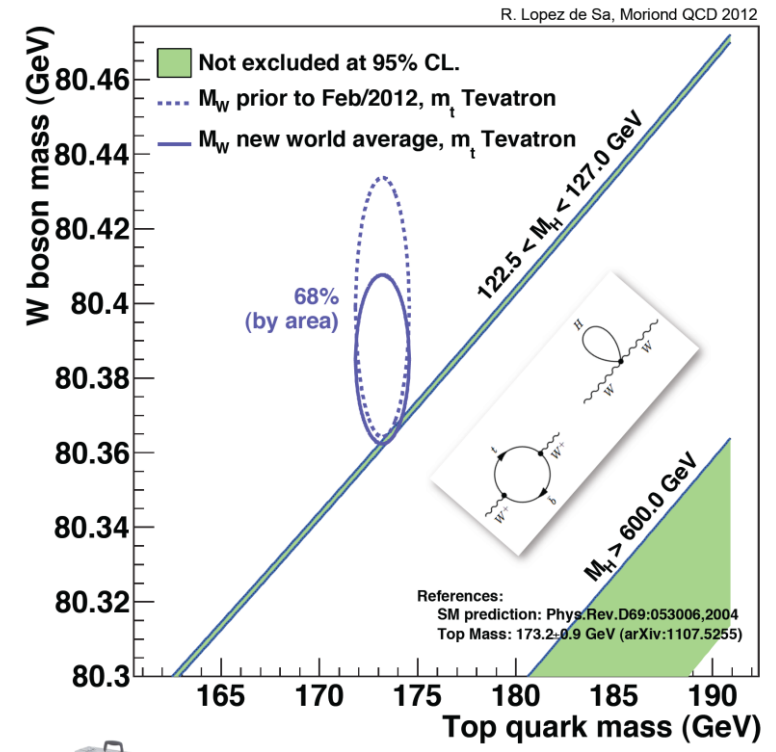
Observed Mass



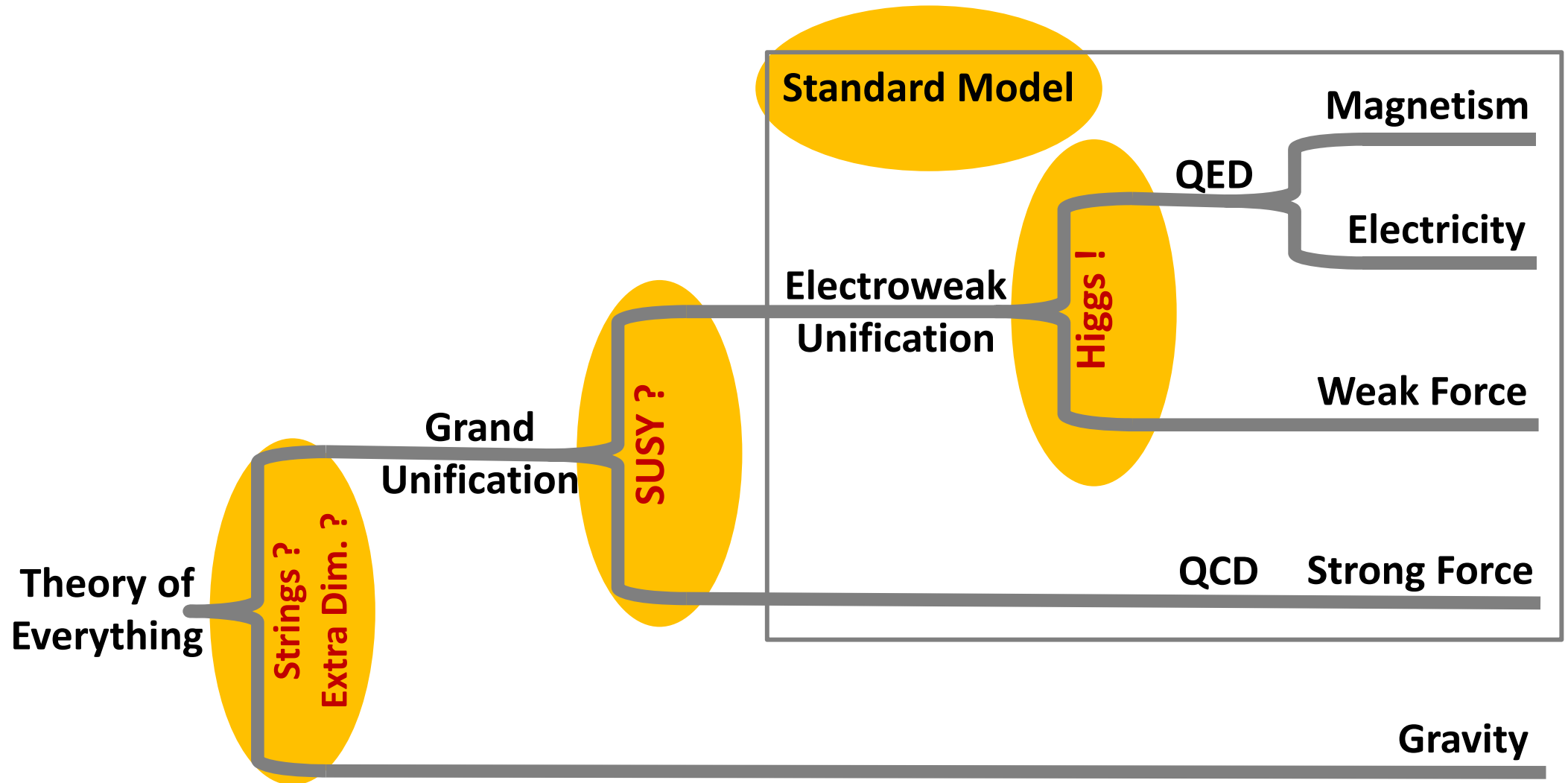
$m = 125.3 \pm 0.6 \text{ GeV}$

Higgs Outlook

- a higgs mass of 125 GeV is fully consistent with the standard model fit
- **but is the new boson the standard model higgs?**
- investigate couplings to as many particles as possible!
- measure spin and parity from angular distributions in $H \rightarrow ZZ$, $H \rightarrow WW$ and $H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$
4 σ separation expected between 0^+ vs. 0^- and 0^+ vs. 2^+ for 35/fb per experiment
- more channels will be analysed (e.g. $gg \rightarrow ttH$ with $H \rightarrow b\bar{b}$)
- existing analyses are still being improved
- more data to come this year
- with a lot more data: WW scattering

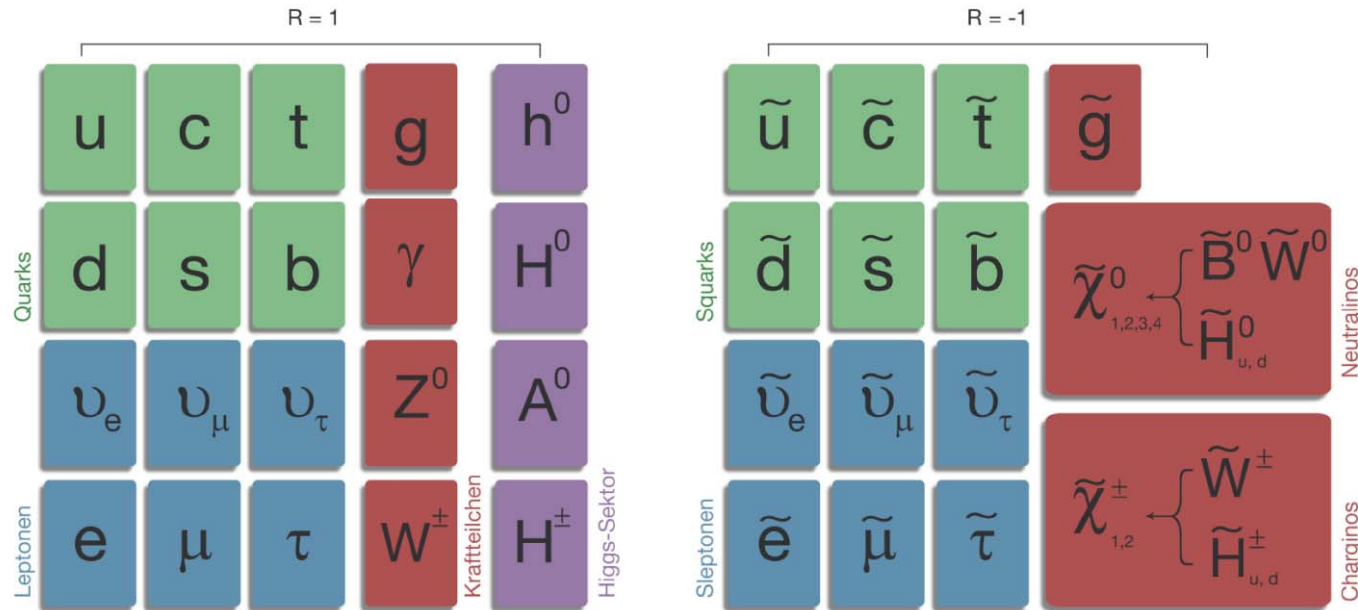


LHC Physics Goals



higgs discovery → hierarchy problem

Supersymmetry



well known motivations

- stabilization of higgs mass
- unification of couplings
- dark matter candidate
- dynamic generation of EWSB
- max. symmetry of S matrix
- connection to gravity
- ...

MSSM

minimal extension of the SM (105 free parameters)

cMSSM (aka MSUGRA)

unification of masses at the GUT scale

4.5 free parameters: $m_0, m_{1/2}, \tan\beta, A_0, \text{sign}(\mu)$



SUSY Signatures

0-leptons	1-lepton	OSDL	SSDL	≥ 3 leptons	2-photons	γ +lepton
Jets + MET	Single lepton + Jets + MET	Opposite-sign di-lepton + jets + MET	Same-sign di-lepton + jets + MET	Multi-lepton	Di-photon + jet + MET	Photon + lepton + MET



similar signatures in other BSM scenarios (e.g. extra dimensions)

$$MET = E_T^{miss} = \left| \sum_{i=1}^{n_{jet}} \vec{p}_T(j_i) \right|$$

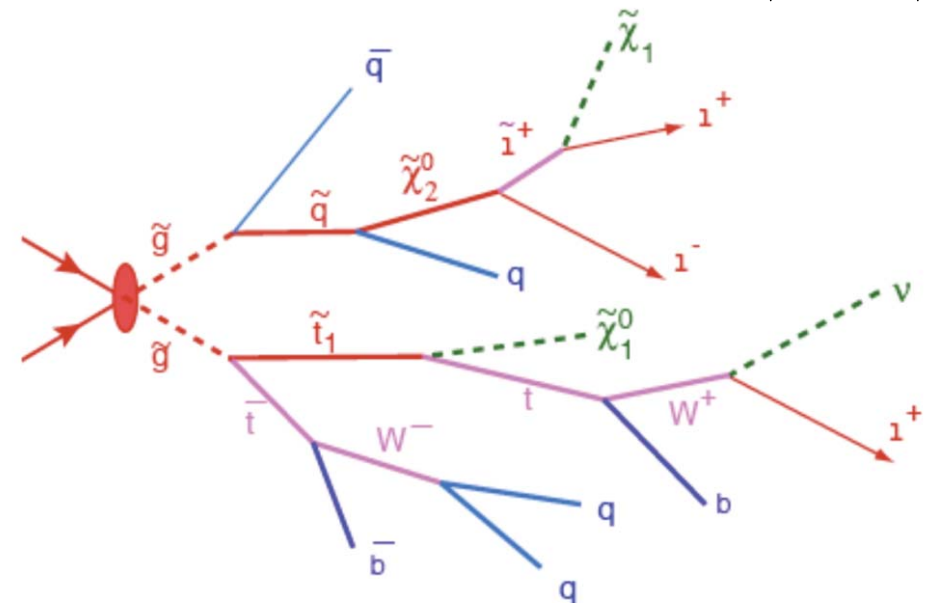
many observables to distinguish true missing

transverse energy from QCD background:

MET, α_T , Razor, MT2, MHT

b-tags used to search for 3rd generation squarks

data-driven background estimation



Selection: 3.9 fb^{-1} of 2012 data

two jets with $E_T > 100 \text{ GeV}$

$$H_T = \sum_{i=1}^{N_{jet}} E_T(j_i) > 275 \text{ GeV}$$

lepton veto

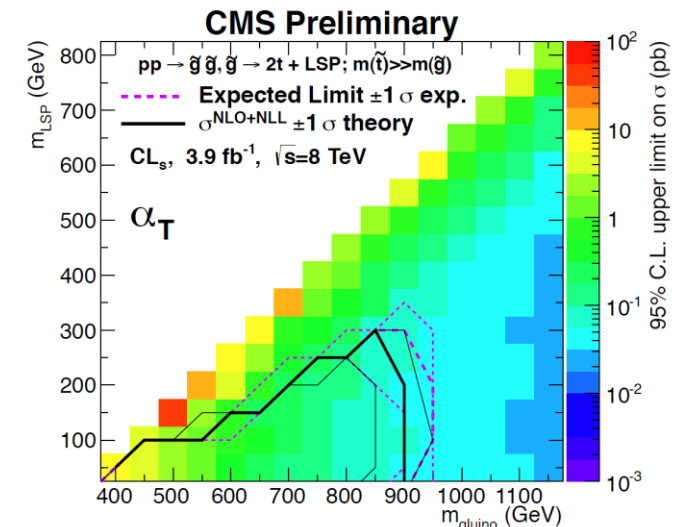
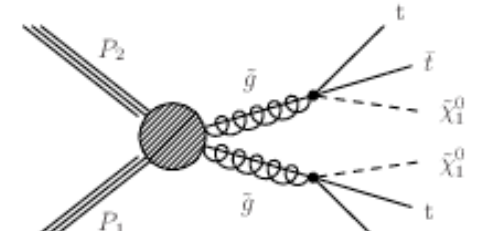
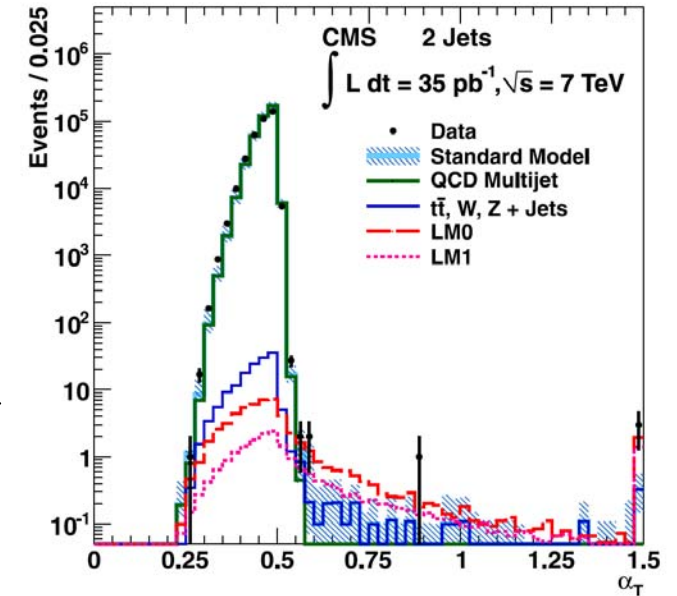
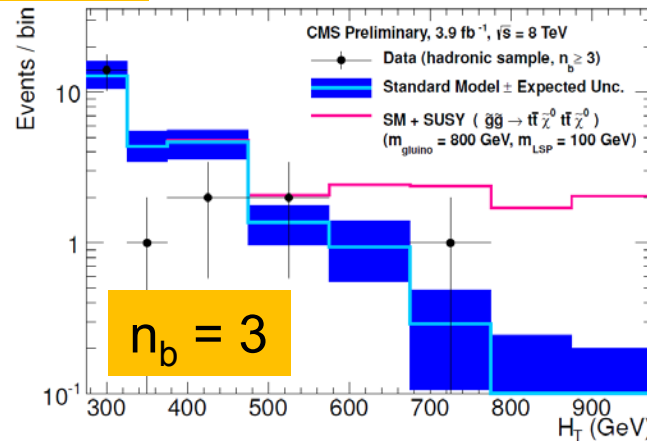
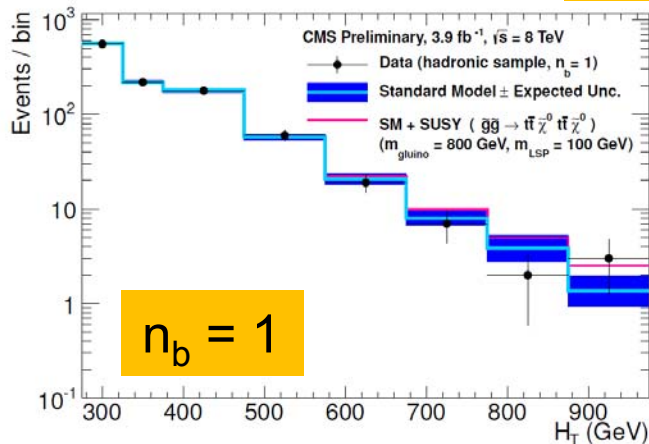
$$\alpha_T = \frac{E_T(j_2)}{M_T} > 0.55 \quad \text{with} \quad M_T = \sqrt{\left(\sum_{i=1}^2 E_T(j_i)\right)^2 - \left(\sum_{i=1}^2 p_x(j_i)\right)^2 - \left(\sum_{i=1}^2 p_y(j_i)\right)^2}$$

0, 1, 2 or 3 b-tagged jets

results consistent with SM prediction (data driven)

→ limits in cMSSM and in simplified model

2012 data



A leptonic search: opposite sign di-leptons

[arXiv:1206.3949v1]

Selection: 5 fb^{-1} of 2011 data

two opposite-sign leptons

at least 2 jets

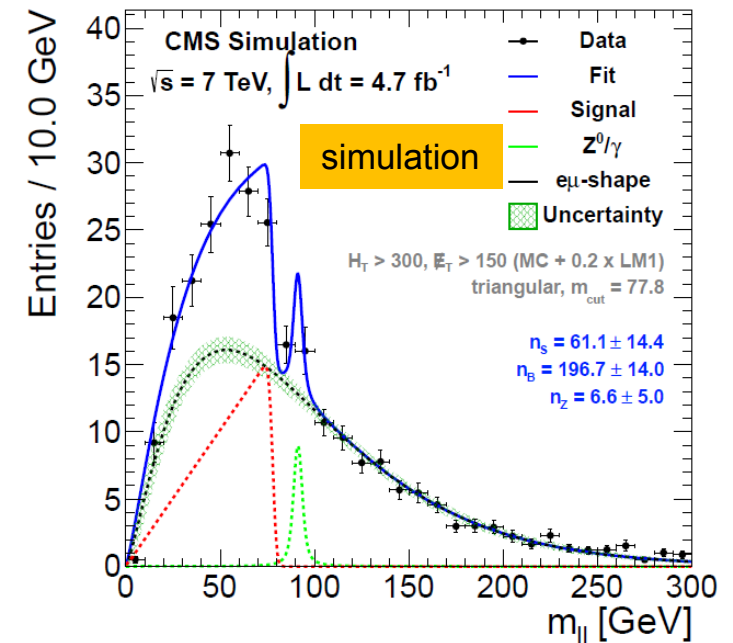
$H_T > 300 \text{ GeV}$

$E_T^{\text{miss}} > 150 \text{ GeV}$

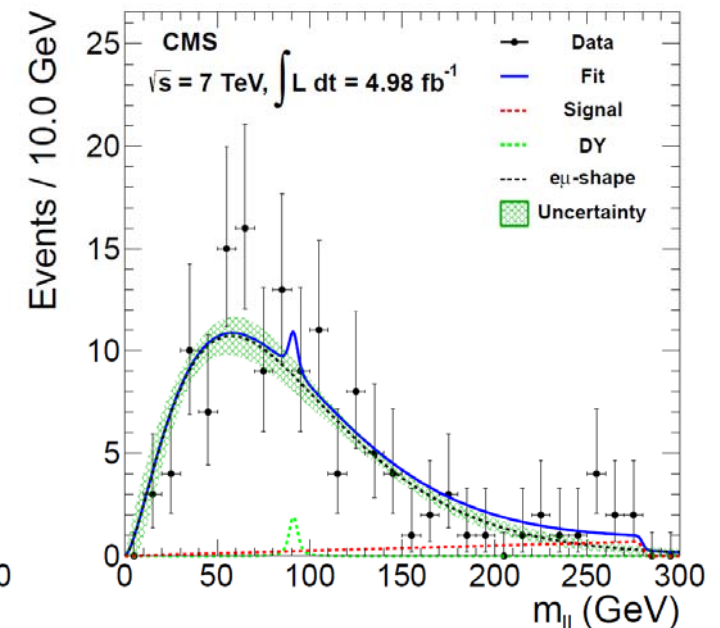
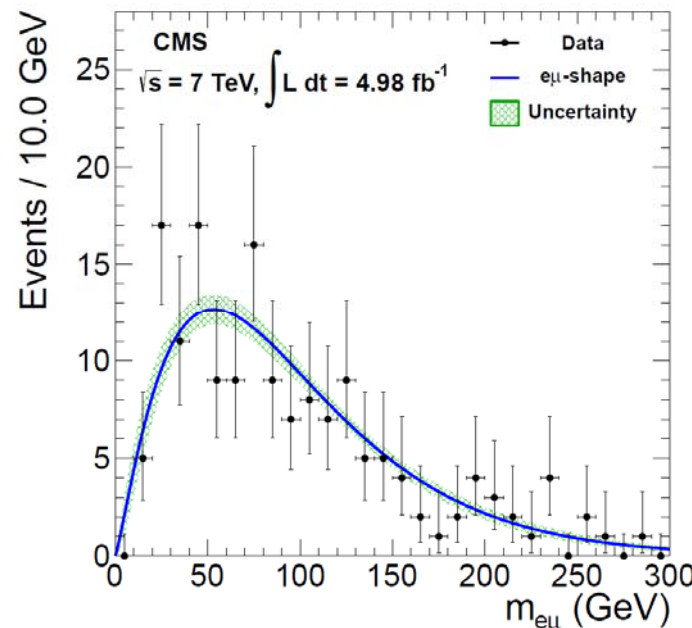
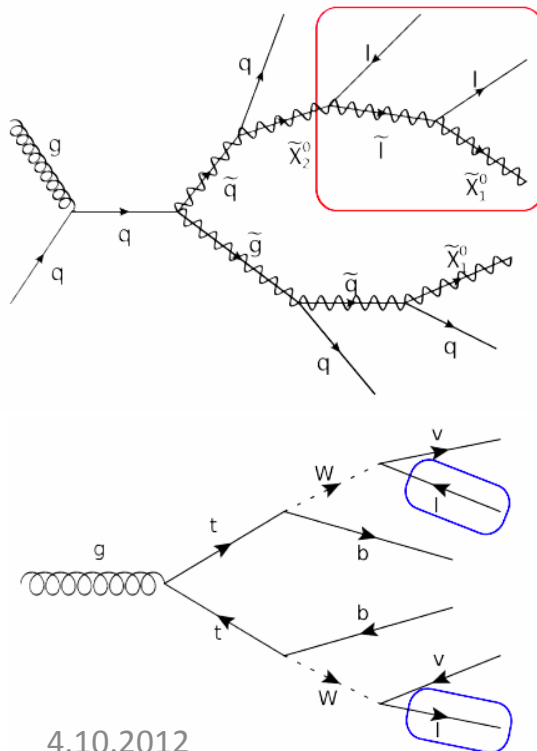
measure flavour-symmetric background ($t\bar{t}$, ...) from $e\mu$ events

→ monte-carlo free analysis

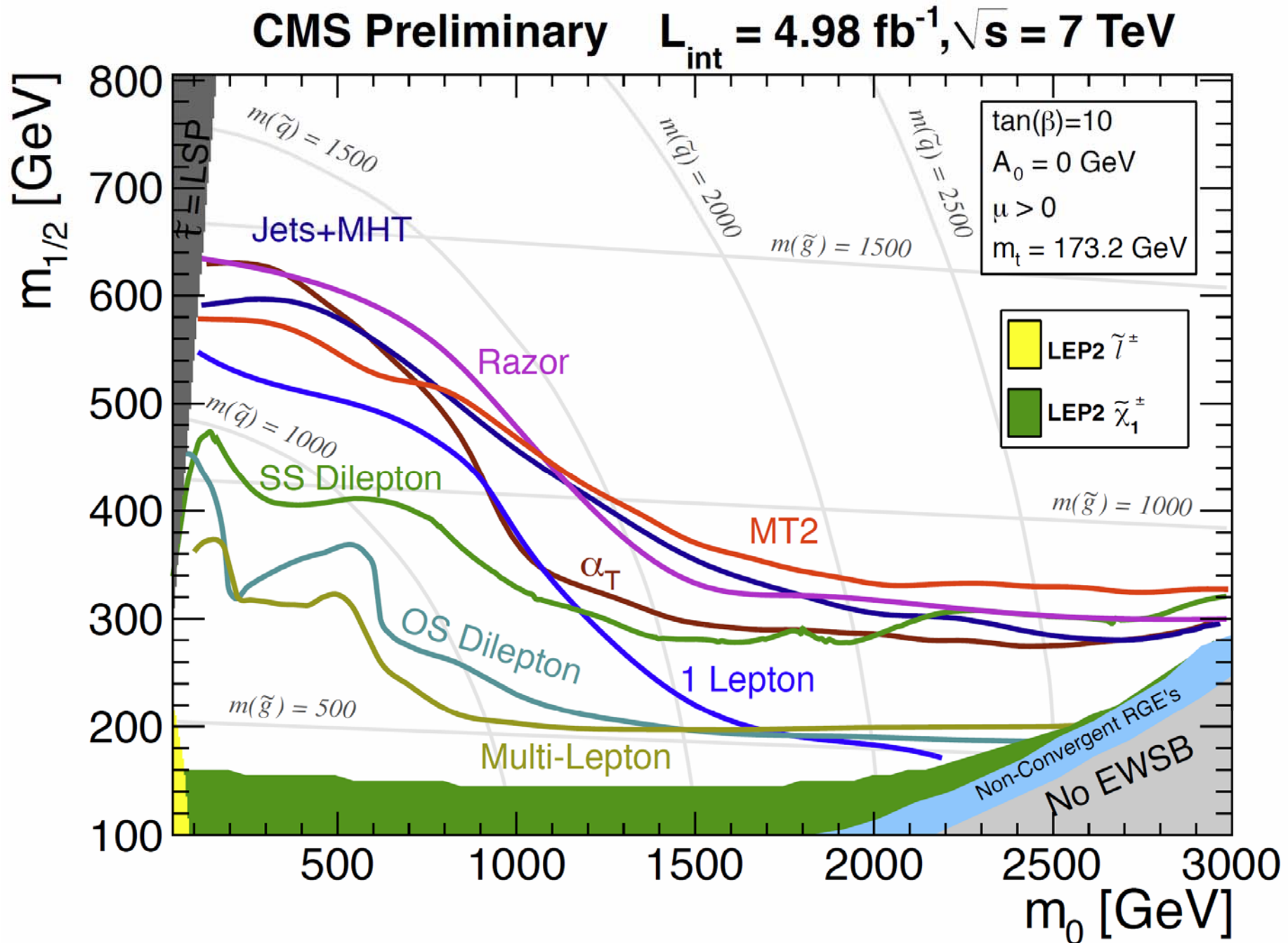
measurement consistent with SM background



2011 data



Interpretation in the cMSSM



Search for the invisible

[arXiv:1206.5663v1]

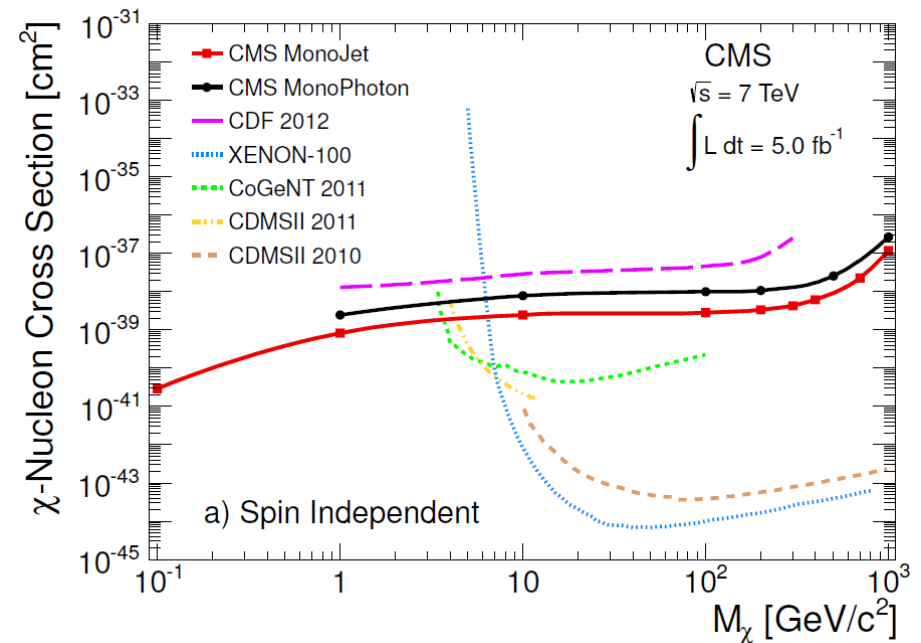
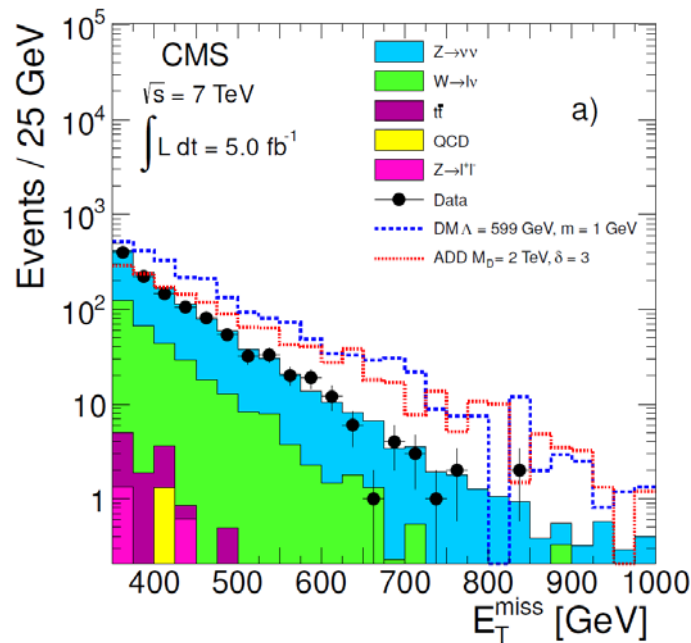
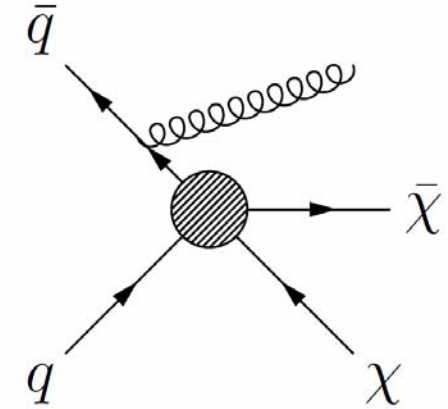
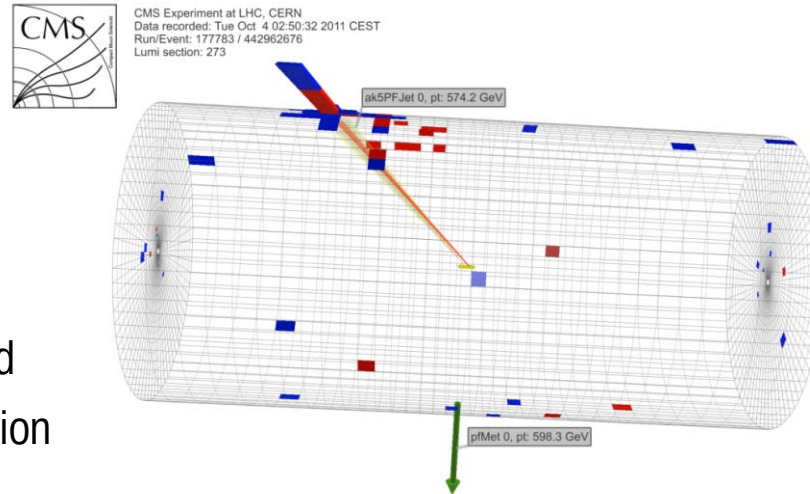
Selection:

$$E_T^{miss} > 200 \text{ GeV}$$

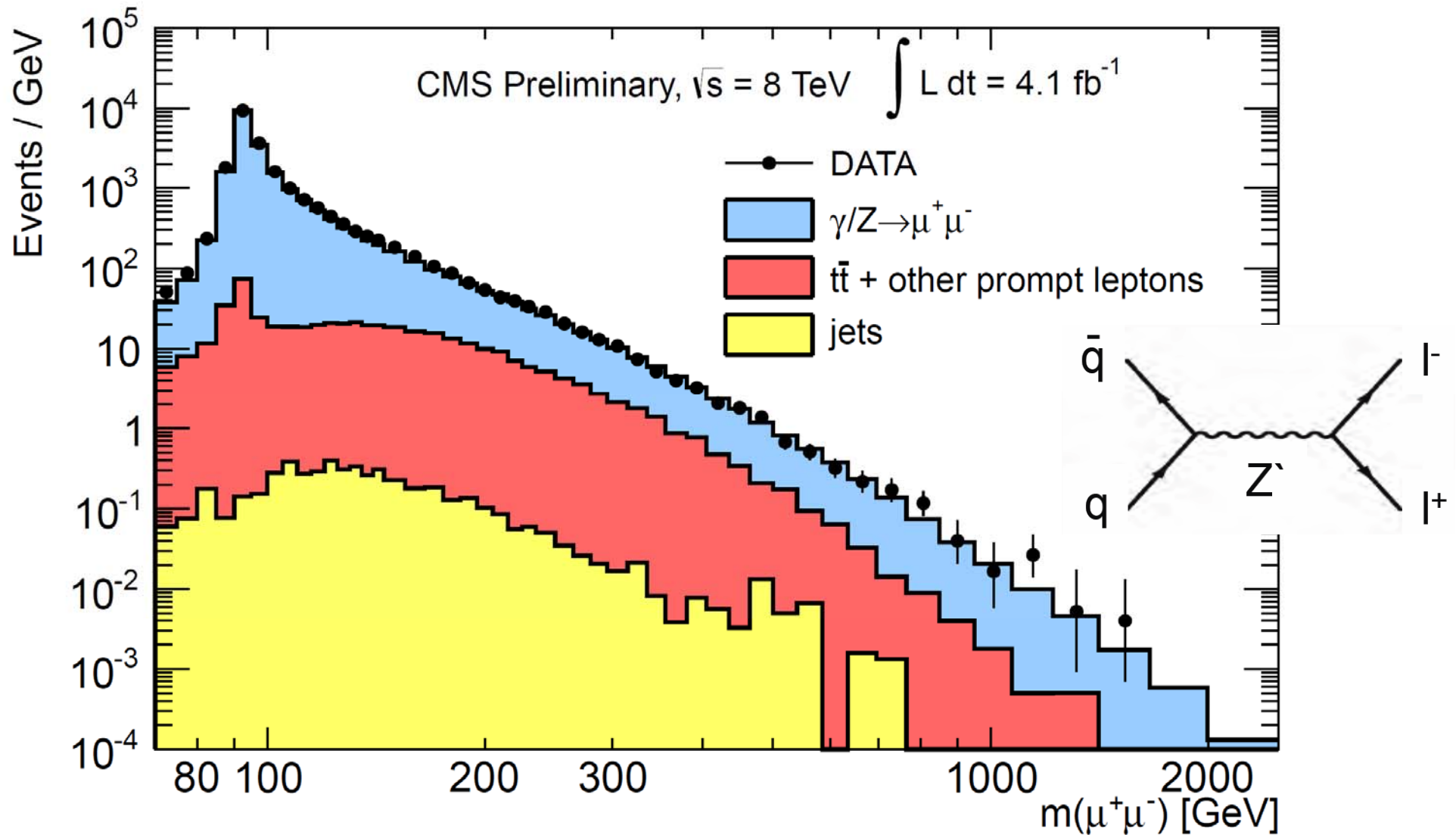
a jet with $E_T > 110 \text{ GeV}$

limits on:

dark matter pair production and
on mass scale in extra dimension
models



Heavy resonances: Z'



Z' with SM-like couplings: $m > 2.59 \text{ TeV}$ (95% CL)

CMS-PAS-EXO-12-015

$B_s \rightarrow \mu\mu$

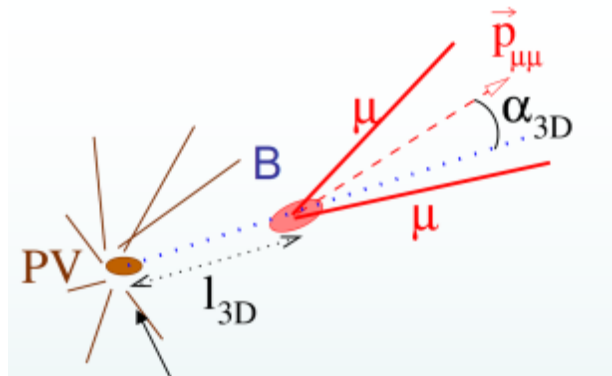
$$B_s \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^- \quad \text{und} \quad B_d \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$$

are highly suppressed in the standard model (FCNC, helicity suppression):

$$BR(B_s \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-) = (3.2 \pm 0.2) \times 10^{-9}$$

$$BR(B_d \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-) = (1.0 \pm 0.1) \times 10^{-10}$$

modifications are predicted in extensions to the standard model



Observed limit in 5 fb^{-1} (95% CL):

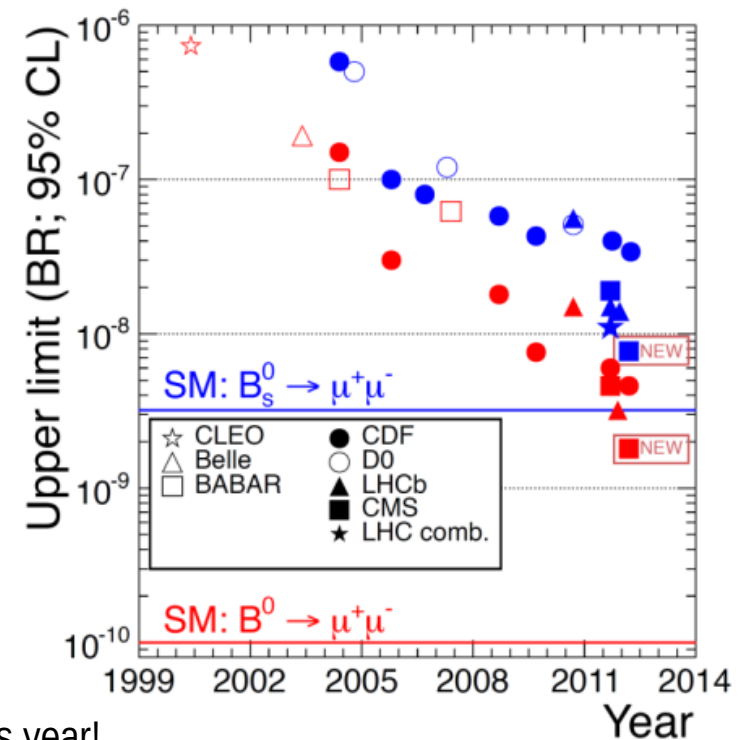
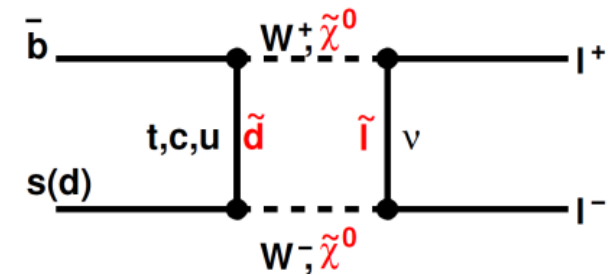
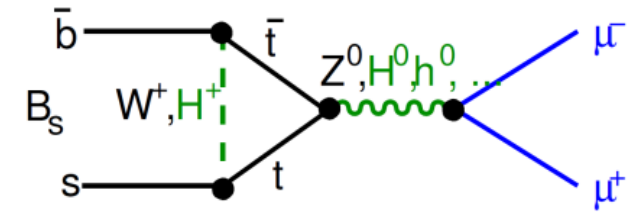
$$BR(B_s \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-) < 7.7 \times 10^{-9}$$

$$BR(B_d \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-) < 18 \times 10^{-10}$$

LHC combination:

$$BR(B_s \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-) < 4.2 \times 10^{-9}$$

→ we are very close to the SM value, the definitive answer will come this year!

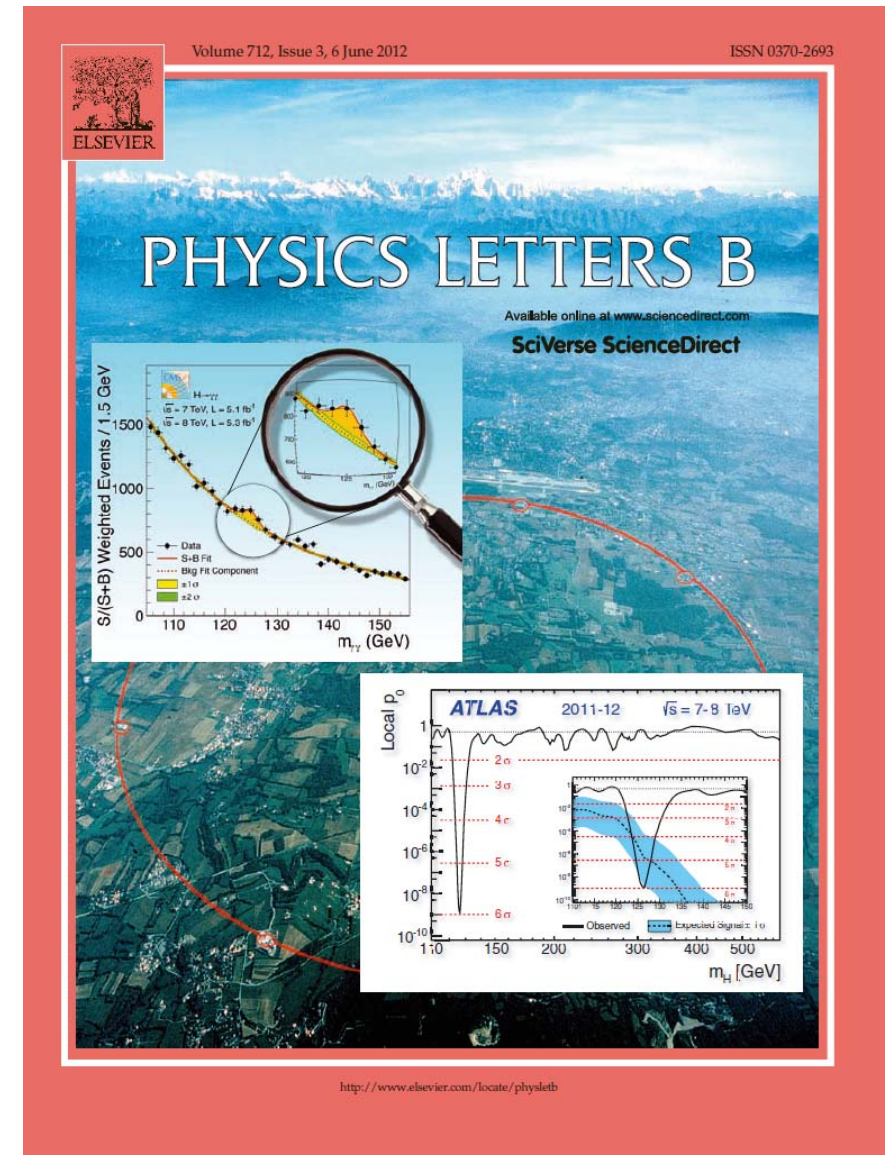


CMS Outlook

- about 25 fb⁻¹ in 2012 (results shown here used at most 5 fb⁻¹ at 8TeV)
- many new results to come
- 2013/14 LHC shut-down
- 2015 - data taking at 13.x TeV
- luminosity will increase to 2x10³⁴cm⁻²s⁻¹ (factor 2 beyond specs)
→ detector upgrade program under way, e.g. new pixel detector in 2016
- beyond 2020: luminosity increase to 5x10³⁴cm⁻²s⁻¹
→ new tracker, trigger etc.

Summary

- LHC delivers a lot of luminosity
- CMS covers a broad physics program
cms.web.cern.ch/org/cms-papers-and-results
- A new boson has been discovered
- Searches for New Physics provide stringent limits
- Many SM measurements in pp and heavy ion collisions
- Exploration of the Terascale is in full swing



[<http://www.sciencedirect.com/science/journal/03702693/716/1>]